THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

Vol. LIX No. [illegible]—E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor. $1 per year in advance, $1.50 if not so paid

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY, JANUARY 30th, 1920.

Historical Society

DOXSEE & CO.

JANUARY SALE

All Trimmed Hats in Velvets, Plushes and Beaver at HALF PRICE, to clear.

All Untrimmed Shapes and Ready-to-Wears at HALF Price.

Special prices in Children's Hats.

Ladies' and Misses' fine wool and Silk Scarfs at SPECIAL PRICES.

CORSETS—Special Prices to clear odd lines of Corsets.

BLOUSES—Crepe De Chine Blouses in white, flesh and mais, at Special Prices, to clear odd sizes.

NECKWEAR—Satin Collars in long and short roll and tailored effects.

Fancy Vestees and fronts of net and lace combined.

High necked Gumpes of net, nicely tucked with fancy collars and many other pretty styles.

The Leading Millinery House

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that John James Garrison, of the Township of Camden, in the County of Lennox & Addington, in the Province of Ontario, will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the next session thereof, for a bill of divorce from his wife Gertrude Frances Garrison, of the city of Belleville in the county of Hastings, Province of Ontario, on the ground of adultery.

Dated at the Township of Camden in the county of Lennox & Addington, this 13th day of December, A. D. 1919.

Herrington, Warner, & Grange
Napanee, Ontario, solicitors for the applicant.

3-13t

The Price of Stoves

is still rising but we are selling our present stock at the old prices.

A HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE or a HEATER

may make a lot of difference to your comfort. BUY IT NOW!

Hardware, Tinware, Agateware.

BEN. F. DAVY,

Next to Caton's.

SAVINGS, Thrift, Independence—all these are the outcome of the same impulse and attain the same objective—PROSPERITY. The Standard Bank of Canada can help you to attain it. 323

THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA

NAPANEE BRANCH
R. R. WHITE - - - MANAGER
BRANCHES ALSO AT:
BELLEVILLE, BRIGHTON, CAMDEN EAST, DESERONTO, MARYSVILLE, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON.

Back Again

—for your—

Hay, Grain and Seeds,

And to SUPPLY you with all kinds of

Grain, Feed and Flour.

FRED. A. PERRY,
Dundas Street,
NAPANEE, ONTARIO.
Opposite Campbell House.

GLYCERINE MIXTURE SURPRISES NAPANEE

The quick action of simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka, is surprising. One spoonful relieves ANY CASE gas on stomach or sour stomach. Adler-i-ka acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel and removes all foul accumulated matter which poisoned stomach. Often CURES constipation. Prevents appendicitis. One lady reports she has no more pain in back of head or gas on stomach since using Adler-i-ka. Wallace's Drug Store.

LENOLEUM, Stock Food, and Poultry Tonic, at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

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In Oddfellows' Hall, over Merchants Bank

COUNTY COUNCIL

Met in the Court House on Tuesday

W. W. ADAMS

Reeve of Newburgh, elected Warden for 1920

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Proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev. W. P. Rogers.

The Clerk read the names of the members-elect of the Council.

Mr. W. W. Adams, Newburgh, was unanimously elected Warden for 1920.

Mr. Adams took his seat, and His Honor Judge Madden administeded the oath of office.

Mr. Adams addressed the Council, thanking the members of the County Council for electing him as Warden for 1920.

Mr. Adams hoped that the business of the county would be carried on as cheerfully and smoothly as during the past few years. County roads would be the big item on the county's programme this year, and he hoped the members of the Council would give their best service toward the road problem.

Ex-Wardens Jas. Reid, R. A. Fowler, M.L.A., R. W. Paul, Cyrus Edgar, Walter Platt, J. Ed. Harrison, R. W. Kimmerly, all congratulated the Warden on his elevation, and made short addresses to the Council.

The new members of the County Council are: Messrs. W. R. Smith, C. F. Allison, Mr. Elliott, F. A. McDonald, A. C. Tummon, Mr. Hawley, Mr. Clark and Mr. Beckwith.

Mr. John T. Grange also addressed the Council.

A Committee to strike the Standing Committees for the year 1920 was appointed as follows: The Reeves of Camden, Ernesttown, Adolphustown, Kaladar and Amherst Island.

The War Memorial Committee appointed last year, presented their report re the memorial and the work so far accomplished.

On motion the Council approved the report of the War Memorial Committee, and asked them to assist the Council in the completion of the work.

Council adjourned for the benefit of the Committee to strike Standing Committees.

On motion the Warden and Messrs. Allison and Miller were added to the War Memorial Committee.

WEDNESDAY MORNING

The committee appointed to strike the standing committees reported as follows:

FINANCE—Mark P. Graham, chairman; A. C. Tummon, secretary; S. Miller, F. A. McDonald, W. C. T. Loyst.

COUNTY PROPERTY—S. Miller, chairman; W. G. Clark, secretary; R. W. Kimmerly, C. F. Allison, J. B. Elliott.

ROADS AND BRIDGES—C. F. Allison, chairman; W. C. T. Loyst, secretary; J. Hannah, A. C. Tummon, W. R. Smith.

EDUCATION AND PRINTING—F. Rodgers, chairman; J. B. Hawley, secretary; F. Beckwith, Mark P. Graham, J. Hannah.

POLICE—F. A. McDonald, chairman; W. G. Clark, secretary; F. Rodgers, R. W. Kimmerly, W. R. Smith.

AGRICULTURE—J. B. Elliott, chairman; J. B. Hawley, secretary; F. Beckwith, S. Miller, J. Hannah, W. C. T. Loyst.

The Education and Printing Committee were requested to look after the county printing for 1920.

On motion the statement of county road expenditure was ordered printed, as per statute, by the clerk.

On motion the warden and clerk were authorized to sign and submit to the Minister of Public Works and Highways the county road statement.

A by-law to appoint members of the Board of Audit was passed appointing W. G. Wilson and W. W. Adams as members of the Board for 1920.

Major J. P. Connell, of the Department of Education addressed the council on educational matters.

Account Amherst Island on road account, $493.21, was ordered paid.

A communication from Samuel Brien applying for position of high county constable was referred to Police Committee to report.

By-laws to confirm by-laws of Camden and Richmond closing certain roads in these townships were passed.

Wednesday Afternoon.

Mr. M. R. Reid, Inspector Addington Schools, addressed the Council in regard to Junior High School Entrance Examinations and supplies therefor; also the matter of increased expenses, and division of cost, and other school matters.

Mr. Melville Smith, Provincial Road Engineer, addressed the Council in regard to the entrance to the Hamburg road at the top of Roblin's Hill, and a proposal to make a short detour from the present road.

On motion the grant of $600.00 to the poor schools of the County for 1919 was ordered paid.

On motion the Roads and Bridges Committee were authorized to look over the proposed detour of the Hamburgh road, and report Thursday morning.

The account of Mr. Reid, re Denbigh Junior School Presiding Officer, $26.00, was ordered paid.

Pay List, Camden County Roads, $10.85, was ordered paid.

Pay List, Ernesttown County Roads, $433.58, was ordered paid.

Account, Mr. Reid, $45.00, was ordered paid.

The report of the Education and Printing Committee, awarding the County printing contracts to the two local offices, was presented and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Loyst, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the sum of $300.00 each be granted the Continuation Schools at Tamworth, Odessa, Bath and Amherst Island.

Moved by Mr. Clark, seconded by Mr. Tummon, that the wide tire by-law be amended so as not to come into effect until April, 1921, it being understood that the Council has no intention of repealing this by-law.

A By-law to amend By-law [illegible] was introduced and passed, making the wide tire by-law come into effect in April, 1921.

On motion of Mr. Allison, seconded by Mr. Smith, cards were ordered printed and posted up in public places in Townships having County Roads, notifying the public that the Wide Tire By-law will come into effect in April, 1921. Also that notices of same be published in the local press.

On motion the expenses of Mr. M. R. Reid, P.S.I., $168.7[illegible] for 1921, were ordered paid.

A By-law to appoint [illegible] Trustees, was introduced [illegible] with the names of E. J. [illegible] Napanee and D. A. Weese, [illegible]burgh, was put through its various stages, and finally passed.

A communication was read from the City Auditor, Kingston, notifying the Council that the rate for inmates in the Kingston House of Refuge from this County will be $[illegible] per week per inmate.

Edwin R. Wilson, Camden East, applied to the Council for permission to put a post in the County Road near his premises. Referred to County Road Superintendent, with power to act.

An account from Fred [illegible] for cutting underbrust and trees along County Roads, in [illegible]town, $3.00; also claim for damages to horse and buggy, $3.00, was on motion ordered filed.

A communication from House of Refuge, re John Mountenay, an inmate, and account, $3.00, was read and filed.

The Maple Leaf Institute applied for a grant for 1919.

On motion, grants were made to Bay View, Conway, Enterprise, Tamworth, Adolphustown and Maple Leaf Women's Institntes, of $15.00 each for 1919.

A communication from the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, asking for an increased grant, was laid on table.

A communication was read from the Soldiers' Aid Commission asking number of soldiers' dependants given grants. The Clerk answered the communication, giving information wanted.

The resignation of H. M. Ryan as a member of the Newburgh Board of Education, was received.

A communication from the County of Kent, in reference to auto suits, was referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.

Re County By-law [illegible] grant to Newburgh High School. The Newburgh High School Board applied for third payment of grant, $400.00. Referred to Finance Committee.

Notice of the date of the meeting of the Good Roads Association at Toronto in March, was received.

On motion the membership fee of $15.00 was ordered paid.

Notice of the sixth annual Conference of Road Superintendents, was received. On motion, Mr. Anderson was authorized to attend this meeting at Toronto in March.

On motion the County Property Committee were authorized to purchase fuel for the County buildings for next year.

The local Department of Agriculture applied for the usual grant of $500. Laid on table until March session.

On motion Council adjourned.

Kodaks and supplies are positively to be had in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store only.

DESERONTO ROAD

We are having lovely weather at time of writing.

The men at and about this town are busy hauling stone to Sand Hill to be crushed for the Provincial Highway.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Murphy, and Mr. Robert Dowling and family, spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. Thos. Dowling's.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. E. Pringle, and Mrs. A. Murphy and daughter, Frances, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Conger last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Burt Hudson and family were guests of Mr. B. Rose and family on Tuesday evening.

Mr. V. Powers and Miss M. McMullen and Miss F. Murphy took in the party at Mr. E. Walsh's on Thursday last.

Miss Helena and Frances Murphy have returned home after spending two weeks with friends in Toronto.

Mr. Vince Powers has purchased a new cutter from Mr. George Murphy, Tamworth.

Mr. C. Kellar is busy drawing timber for his barn.

Mr. Chas. McMullen spent Sunday at Mr. Jerry Gaffney's.

Mr. Wm. McMullen, and sister, Annie, and Miss Nellie Garrett, spent a few days visiting friends at Stoco.

Misses Gladys and Carrie Hudson spent last evening with Miss Frances and Miss Helena Murphy.

Mr. Thos. McMullen has bought Mr. Joe Kidd's farm and intends moving on it soon.

Mr. V. Powers had the misfortune to smash his finger unloading stone.

Mr. Cornelius Dowling left on Tuesday for Winnipeg after spending holidays at his parental home.

Mr. Thos. Killorin, road boss, has employed Mr. Vince Powers to unload stone, and Mr. Vince Powers has employed Tony Bova.

The Deseronto road is very good now as the snow plow has been through.

Mr. C. Akey was the guest of Miss M. Dowling and brothers one day last week.

For lice on cattle use the "New Electric Louse Powder"—safe to use and two applications a week apart do the work. 40c lb. at WALLACE'S.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE EXAMINATIONS

CHRISTMAS TERM, 1919.

FORM I A—Mary Daly, (Hon.), Helen Russell, (Hon.), Rose Hudgins, (Hon.), Carl Atkin (Hon.), Kenneth Edgecombe, (Hon.), E. Baughan, L. Wilson, M. Kirkpatrick, Dora Denison, M. Brisbin, Nellie Gleeson, Irene Warner, Olive Liddle, Marion Walmsley, Muriel Wallace, Helen Hall.

FORM I B—L. Wheeler, (Hon.), V. Exley, (Hon.), G. Exley, (Hon.), G. McCullough, (Hon.), W. Perry, D. Vrooman, A. Warner, M. Perry, L. [illegible], W. Harrison, H. Boyes, E. Pringle, [illegible] Exley, A. Killorin, A. Hill, C. Mowers, L. [illegible], W. Barrett, L. Miller, J. [illegible], D. Morgan, C. O'Bay, R. [illegible], R. Empey, R. Barrett.

FORM II Teachers Course—G. Russell, (Hon.), Mary McGrath, (Hon.), Alma Wales, Edith Alexander, Helen Lloyd, Kathleen [illegible], Mary Derry, Edith Johnston, V. O'Bay, G. Allen, M. Young, H. Asselstine, B. Hudgins, E. Denison, E. Ham.

MATRICULATION CLASS—H. [illegible], (Hon.), A. Ames, M. Reid, R. Wiseman, J. Stewart, L. Carter, J. Judson, D. Daly, G. Smith, E. Smith, M. Roblin.

FORM 3 A—R. Glenney, (Hon.), E. Sheridan, W. Taverner, M. Wales, A. McCutcheon, L. Derry, N. Gleeson, B. Thompson, D. Sims, A. Loyst, E. Allison, J. Sterling, D. Scott, W. Judson, K. Wilson, A. Card, M. Jordan, M. Denison, L. Douglas.

FORM 3 B—Agnes Irvine, (Hon.), H. Anderson, (Hon.), equal, D. Sagar, (Hon.), C. McLean, (Hon.), equal; M. Reeve (Hon.), E. Magee, (Hon.), G. Maybee, (Hon.), equal; M. Johnston, M. Brown, N. Hambly, H. Wallace, F. Russell, J. Thompson, S. Phippen, E. Friezen, T. Allison, E. Allen, A. Mellow.

FORM IV—Neva Sale, (Hon.), R. Rogers, (Hon.), M. Wilson, C. Anderson, M. Trumpour, H. Gleeson.

COMMERCIAL FORM.

SR CLASS—B. Perry, P. Vanalstine, L. Morris, M. Caracallen, J. Kay, H. McCormack, J. Hambly, H. Woodcock, L. VanKoughnett, B. Woodcock.

JR. CLASS—F. Walker, E. Taverner, K. McLean, J. Killorin, L. Vanalstine, M. Davy, M. Paul, E. McKim, J. Dennison, I. Bradshaw, I. Brown, G. Asselstine, H. and E. Baker, equal; F. White, M. Edgar, G. Brady, H. Louis.

ODESSA

Mr. and Mrs. Miles, Saskatchewan, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Atkin Snider last week.

Miss Gregory spent the week-end with friends in Sterling.

Mrs. R. W. Aylsworth is visiting her neice, Mrs. (Dr.) Nixon, Ottawa.

Miss Ethel Fraser is attending Kingston Business College.

The Juvenile dance last Tuesday night was well attended, considering the disagreeable weather. A pleasant feature of the evening was the lunch which all the little folks enjoyed. This was the second party given through the kindness of Mrs. Dougherty, who made the arrangements, in order to give the little boys and girls (in most cases) their first dancing lesons.

Quite a number of young people attended a dancing party at Mr. Martin's, Violet, last Friday night, and owing to the snow storm and bad roads were unable to return until about noon Saturday.

The many friends of Mrs. Herbert Lindsay were sorry to hear that she passed away last Tuesday at her home in Prince Albert, Sask., after a long and serious illness. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Denyes, left here nearly three weeks ago and were with her at the time of her demise. Besides her husband and little son, she leaves to mourn her loss, her parents, one sister, Mrs. Sutton Lucas, and two brothers, Johnston Denyes, of Rochester; and Edward, at home.

Miss Zita Kenyon, who has been seriously ill in the Hotel Dieu Hospital Kingston, for the past two weeks, is improving.

ENTERPRISE.

Shovelling snow is the order of the day.

We are having real winter weather, plenty of snow and snapping cold winds.

The roads are in a very bad condition for traffic on account of the snow storms and high winds. We hope we may get more favorable weather next month.

Miss Elizabeth Mellow has resumed her studies at the Ladies College, Cobourg, after spending the holidays under the parental roof. We wish her success.

We were sorry to hear of Mr. Reginald Smith being very sick in Toronto. His father, Mr. A. E. Smith, is in atendance. We hope for his speedy recovery.

Mr. W. S. Fenwick & Sons have men cutting logs on their lot near Fifth Lake.

Miss Benedetta Walsh, Tamworth, was in the village on Thursday en route to Trafford to visit her aunt, Mrs. Champagne.

Our mail couriers are experiencing trouble in getting through on their daily trips on account of the heavy roads.

Mr. C. Lockwood has sold his residence and shop to Mr. W. Wagar, who has sold his house to Mr. Wm. Thistlewaite, and intend moving in the near future.

We are sory to say that Miss May Fenwick is not improving in health as rapidly as we would like to see her. We hope there will soon be a change for the better.

Our village was rather quiet the end of the week as very few were anxious to try the snow drifts and so remained away until the storm ceased.

"SALADA"

—is tea at its best—in all its garden freshness and fine flavour.

"SALADA" sealed packets are proof against dust. The tea can't be contaminated.

"SALADA" costs no more than ordinary tea. Your grocer will recommend it.

SALADA TEA

B391

YOUR FUTURE

No one knows what the future holds—therefore the necessity for saving.

Money in the bank is your safeguard against the uncertainty of the future.

Start a savings account NOW with

THE DOMINION BANK 574

NAPANEE BRANCH

F. COTTLE, - - - - - - - Manager.

Do Your Banking by R. F. D.

Make the mail your messenger; and save yourself the long rides to town.

Deposits may be made—butter and cheese cheques cashed—money withdrawn—just as easily and safely by mail as in person.

Write the manager to tell you all about this convenient plan of *Banking By Mail*—or call in and have it explained, the next time you are town.

14

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.

Napanee Branch, - - - - - E. R. Checkley, Manager.
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, - - J. W. McClymont, Manager.
Tamworth Branch, - - - - - S. D. Whaley, Manager.

1869 — 600 BRANCHES — 1919

THE
ROYAL BANK
OF CANADA

FARMERS SONS AND DAUGHTERS HAVE GREAT OPPORTUNITIES TO-DAY

They never had better chances to make and save money. Now is the time to lay the foundation of future prosperity by cultivating the habit of thrift.

There is a Savings Department at every branch of this bank. The staff will be glad to show you how to make the first deposit.

CAPITAL AND RESERVE
. . . . $35,000,000

TOTAL RESOURCES . . . . .
. . . . $470,000,000

FARM PROPERTY—By having an agent at a central point any person wishing to sell or purchase a farm may get more and better opportunities than by depending upon their own efforts to meet the various dealers, many of whom may reside a considerable distance away. Anyone having a farm for sale may place the same in my hands on very reasonable terms; if no sale, no charge. My said terms will include the searching of title and the drawing of the deed without extra charge. Also anyone wishing to purchase a farm will do well to place their application with me. By having an intimate knowledge of farm lands and of the general requirements of farmers I am in position to render profitable and satisfactory service to those concerned in the above lines. I am also open for applications for the sale or purchase of Town Property on reasonable terms. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister-at-law, Napanee, Ont. 9-d

Some tea is cheaper, some more expensive, but none quite so delicious as Daly's Good Tea—for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

$5.00 DAILY the year round. Send for yearly contract and sample case free. H. V. MARTIN, Windsor, Ont. 9-d-p

FOR SALE—Registered Shorthorn Bulls, 11 months old. Apply to Mark Hawley, R. R. No. 7, Napanee.

WANTED—Apprentices for the Millinery Department. Willing to pay from the beginning.
5 DOXSEE & CO.

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

TO LET—One piano. Terms, $3 per month. Apply to MRS. F. R. MAYBEE. 8-b

FOR SALE—On easy terms. One Seed Store on Dundas street; one Store House and Evaporator, on Water street. Apply to THOS. SYMINGTON. 6-tf.

FOR SALE—Black Walnut Uxbridge Organ, in first-class condition. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas St., Napanee. 32-c

TO RENT—Store to rent in the Blewett block, next door to the Dominion Bank. Possession March 22nd. Apply to MISS BLEWETT, over the Dominion Bank, John street, Napanee. 8-c

FOR SALE—Two choice Brood Sows, two years old, due to farrow March 20th; one Yorkshire the other Tamworth, well bred, weight 300 lbs. each; younger sows later on; also two Boars for service or for sale, one Berk., the other a cross. Also one new milch cow—cheap for cash. ALFRED McCUTCHEON Roblin, Ont. 8b

If the glass part of your Thermos bottle is broken you don't have to get a new bottle—just get a refill at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

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Back Again

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And to SUPPLY you with all kinds of

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Mr. Adams hoped that the business of the county would be carried on as cheerfully and smoothly as during the past few years. County roads would be the big item on the county's programme this year, and he hoped the members of the Council would give their best service toward the road problem.

Ex-Wardens Jas. Reid, R. A. Fowler, M.L.A., R. W. Paul, Cyrus Edgar, Walter Platt, J. Ed. Harrison, R. W. Kimmerly, all congratulated the Warden on his elevation, and made short addresses to the Council.

The new members of the County Council are: Messrs. W. R. Smith, C. F. Allison, Mr. Elliott, F. A. McDonald, A. C. Tummon, Mr. Hawley, Mr. Clark and Mr. Beckwith.

Mr. John T. Grange also addressed the Council.

A Committee to strike the Standing Committees for the year 1920 was appointed as follows: The Reeves of Camden, Ernesttown, Adolphustown, Kaladar and Amherst Island.

The War Memorial Committee appointed last year, presented their report re the memorial and the work so far accomplished.

On motion the Council approved the report of the War Memorial Committee, and asked them to assist the Council in the completion of the work.

Council adjourned for the benefit of the Committee to strike Standing Committees.

On motion the Warden and Messrs. Allison and Miller were added to the War Memorial Committee.

WEDNESDAY MORNING

The committee appointed to strike the standing committees reported as follows:

FINANCE—Mark P. Graham, chairman; A. C. Tummon, secretary; S. Miller, F. A. McDonald, W. C. T. Loyst.

COUNTY PROPERTY—S. Miller, chairman; W. G. Clark, secretary; R. W. Kimmerly, C. F. [illegible], J. B. Elliott.

ROADS AND BRIDGES—C. F. Allison, chairman; W. C. T. Loyst, secretary; J. Hannah, A. C. Tummon, W. R. Smith.

EDUCATION AND PRINTING—F. Rodgers, chairman; J. B. Hawley, secretary; F. Beckwith, Mark P. Graham, J. Hannah.

POLICE—F. A. McDonald, chairman; W. G. Clark, secretary; F. Rodgers, R. W. Kimmerly, W. R. Smith.

AGRICULTURE—J. B. Elliott, chairman; J. B. Hawley, secretary; F. Beckwith, S. Miller, J. Hannah, W. C. T. Loyst.

The Education and Printing Committee were requested to look after the county printing for 1920.

On motion the statement of county road expenditure was ordered printed, as per statute, by the clerk.

On motion the warden and clerk were authorized to sign and submit to the Minister of Public Works and Highways the county road statement.

A by-law to appoint members of the Board of Audit was passed appointing W. G. Wilson and W. W. Adams as members of the Board for 1920.

Major J. P. Connell, of the Department of Education addressed the council on educational matters.

Account Amherst Island on road account, $[illegible], was ordered paid.

A communication from Samuel Breen applying for position of county constable was referred to Police Committee to report.

By-laws to confirm by-laws of Camden and Richmond closing certain roads in those townships were passed.

Wednesday Afternoon.

Mr. M. R. Reid, Inspector Addington Schools, addressed the Council in regard to Junior High School Entrance Examinations and supplies therefor; also the matter of increased expenses, and division of cost, and other school matters.

Mr. Melville Smith, Provincial Road Engineer, addressed the Council in regard to the entrance to the Hamburg road at the top of Roblin's Hill, and a proposal to make a short detour from the present road.

On motion the grant of $600.00 to the poor schools of the County for 1919 was ordered paid.

On motion the Roads and Bridges Committee were authorized to look over the proposed detour of the Hamburgh road, and report Thursday morning.

The account of Mr. Reid, re Denbigh Junior School Presiding Officer, $26.00, was ordered paid.

Pay List, Camden County Roads, $10.85, was ordered paid.

Pay List, Ernesttown County Roads, $433.58, was ordered paid.

Account, Mr. Reid, $45.00, was ordered paid.

The report of the Education and Printing Committee, awarding the County printing contracts to the two local offices, was presented and adopted.

Moved by Mr. Loyst, seconded by Mr. Miller, that the sum of $300.00 each be granted the Continuation Schools at Tamworth, Odessa, Bath and Amherst Island.

Moved by Mr. Clark, seconded by Mr. Tummon, that the wide tire by-law be amended so as not to come into effect until April, 1921, it being understood that the Council has no intention of repealing this by-law.

A By-law to amend By-law 339 was introduced and passed, making the wide tire by-law come into effect in April, 1921.

On motion of Mr. Allison, seconded by Mr. Smith, cards were ordered printed and posted up in conspicuous places in Townships having County Roads, notifying the public that the Wide Tire By-law will come into effect in April, 1921. Also that notices of same be published in local press.

On motion the expenses of Mr. M. R. Reid, P.S.I., $168.75, for 1921, were ordered paid.

A By-law to appoint [illegible] Trustees, was introduced [illegible] with the names of E. J. [illegible] for Napanee and D. A. Weese, Newburgh, was put through its various stages, and finally passed.

A communication was read from the City Auditor, Kingston, notifying the Council that the rate for inmates in the Kingston House of Refuge from this County will be $4.00 per week per inmate.

Edwin R. Wilson, Camden East, applied to the Council for permission to put a post in the County Road near his premises. Referred to County Road Superintendent, with power to act.

An account from Fred Membery, for cutting underbrust and trees along County Roads, in Adolphustown, $3.00; also claim for damages to horse and buggy, $3.00, was on motion ordered filed.

A communication from House of Refuge, re John Mountenay, an inmate, and account, $3.00, was read and filed.

The Maple Leaf Institute applied for a grant for 1919.

On motion, grants were made to Bay View, Conway, Enterprise, Tamworth, Adolphustown and Maple Leaf Women's Institntes, of $15.00 each for 1919.

A communication from the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, asking for an increased grant, was laid on table.

A communication was read from the Soldiers' Aid Commission asking number of soldiers' dependants given grants. The Clerk answered the communication, giving information wanted.

The resignation of H. M. Ryan as a member of the Newburgh Board of Education, was received.

A communication from the County of Kent, in reference to auto suits, was referred to the Roads and Bridges Committee.

Re County By-law [illegible] to Newburgh High School. The Newburgh High School Board applied for third payment of grant, $400.00. Referred to Finance Committee.

Notice of the date of the meeting of the Good Roads Association at Toronto in March, was received.

On motion the membership fee of $15.00 was ordered paid.

Notice of the sixth annual Conference of Road Superintendents, was received. On motion, Mr. Anderson was authorized to attend this meeting at Toronto in March.

On motion the County Property Committee were authorized to purchase fuel for the County buildings for next year.

The local Department of Agriculture applied for the usual grant of $500. Laid on table until March session.

On motion Council adjourned.

—o—

Kodaks and supplies are positively to be had in Napanee at WALLACE'S Drug Store only.

—o—

DESERONTO ROAD

We are having lovely weather at time of writing.

The men at and about this town are busy hauling stone to Sand Hill to be crushed for the Provincial Highway.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Murphy, and Mr. Robert Dowling and family, spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. Thos. Dowling's.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Oliver, Mr. and Mrs. E. Pringle, and Mrs. A. Murphy and daughter, Frances, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. Longer last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Burt Hudson and family were guests of Mr. B. Rose and family on Tuesday evening.

Mr. A. Powers and Miss M. McMullen and Miss F. Murphy took in the party at Mr. E. Walsh's on Thursday last.

Miss Helena and Frances Murphy have returned home after spending two weeks with friends in Toronto.

Mr. Vince Powers has purchased a new cutter from Mr. George Murphy, Tamworth.

Mr. C. Kellar is busy drawing timber for his barn.

Mr. Chas. McMullen spent Sunday at Mr. Jerry Gaffney's.

Mr. Wm. McMullen, and sister Annie, and Miss Nellie Garrett spent a few days visiting friends at Stoco.

Misses Gladys and Carrie Hudson spent last evening with Miss Frances and Miss Helena Murphy.

Mr. Thos. McMullen has bought Mr. Joe Kidd's farm and intends moving on it soon.

Mr. A. Powers had the misfortune to smash his finger [illegible] stone.

Mr. Cornelius Dowling left on Tuesday for Winnipeg after spending the holidays at his parents' [illegible].

Mr. Thos. Killorin, road boss, has employed Mr. Vince Powers to unload stone, and Mr. Vince Powers has employed Tony Boyd.

The Deseronto road is very good now as the snow plow has been through.

Mr. C. Akey was the guest of Miss M. Dowling and brothers one day last week.

—o—

For lice on cattle use the "New Electric Louse Powder"—safe to use and two applications a week apart do the work. 40c lb. at WALLACE'S.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE EXAMINATIONS

CHRISTMAS TERM, 1919.

FORM I A—Mary Daly, (Hon.), Helen Russell, (Hon.), Ross Hudgins (Hon.), Carl Knox, (Hon.), Kenneth Edgecombe, (Hon.), E. Baughan, C. Wilson, M. Kirkpatrick, Cora Garrison, W. Brickley, Nellie Garrison, Irene Warner, Olive Liddle, Marion Walmsley, Muriel Walmsley, Helen Hall.

FORM I B—L. Wheeler, (Hon.) V. Exley (Hon.), G. Exley, (Hon.), C. McCullough, (Hon.), W. Perry, O. Frisken, G. Winter, M. Perry, L. McCormack, W. Harrison, H. Joyce, E. Pringle, E. Exley, A. Killorin, A. Hill, C. Mowers, L. Birchall, W. Barrett, L. Miller, G. Empel, D. Merritt, C. O'Bay, E. Jayne, R. Empey, K. Barrett.

FORM II. Teachers Course—G. Russell, (Hon.), Mary McGrath, (Hon.), Alma Wales, Edith Alexander, Helen Loyst, Kathleen Roblin, Mary Derry, Edith Johnston, V. O'Bay, G. Allen, M. Young, H. Asselstine, B. Hudgins, I. Dudgeon, E. Ham.

MATRICULATION CLASS—H. Benn, (Hon.), G. Amey, M. Reid, R. Wiseman, J. Stewart, L. Carter, J. Judson, G. Daly, G. Smith, E. Smith, M. Roblin.

FORM 3 A—H. Clancy, (Hon.), E. Sheridan, W. Taverner, M. Wales, A. McCutcheon, L. Derry, N. Gleeson, B. Thompson, D. Sine, A. Loyst, E. Allison, J. Sterling, D. Scott, W. Judson, K. Wilson, A. Card, M. Jordan, M. Denison, L. Douglas.

FORM 3 B—Agnes Irvine, (Hon.), M. Anderson, (Hon.), equal; D. Sagar, (Hon.), C. McLean, (Hon.), equal; M. Reeve (Hon.), E. Magee, (Hon.), G. Maybee, (Hon.), equal; M. Johnston, M. Brown, N. Hambly, H. Wallace, F. Russell, J. Thompson, S. Phippen, E. Frisken, T. Allison, E. Allen, A. Mellow.

FORM IV—Neva Sine, (Hon.), R. Rogers, (Hon.), M. Wilson, C. Anderson, M. Trompour, H. Gleeson.

COMMERCIAL FORM.

SR CLASS—B. Perry, P. Vanalstine, L. Morris, M. Carscallen, J. Kay, H. McCormack, J. Hambly, R. Woodcock, L. VanKoughnett, B. Woodcock.

JR. CLASS—F. Walker, E. Taverner, K. McLean, J. Killorin, L. Vanalstine, M. Davy, M. Paul, E. McKim, J. Dennison, L. Bradshaw, I. Brown, G. Asselstine, H. and E. Baker, equal; F. White, M. Edgar, G. Brady, H. Louis.

—o—

ODESSA

Mr. and Mrs. Miles, Saskatchewan, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Atkin Suder last week.

Miss Gregory spent the week-end with friends in Sterling.

Mrs. R. W. Aylsworth is visiting her niece, Mrs. (Dr.) Nixon, Ottawa.

Miss Ethel Fraser is attending Kingston Business College.

The Juvenile dance last Tuesday night was well attended, considering the disagreeable weather. A pleasant feature of the evening was the lunch which all the little folks enjoyed. This was the second party given through the kindness of Mrs. Dougherty who made the arrangements, in order to give the little boys and girls (in most cases) their first dancing lessons.

Quite a number of young people attended a dancing party at Mr. Martin's, Violet last Friday night, and owing to the storm and bad roads were unable to return until about noon Saturday.

The many friends of Mrs. Herbert Lindsay were sorry to hear that she passed away last Tuesday at her home in Prince Albert, Sask., after a long and serious illness. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Denyes, left here nearly three weeks ago and were with her at the time of her demise. Besides her husband and little son, she leaves to mourn her loss, her parents, one sister, Mrs. Sutton Lucas, and two brothers, Johnston Denyes, of Rochester, and Edward, at home.

Miss Zita Kenyon who has been seriously ill in the Hotel Dieu Hospital, Kingston, for the past two weeks, is improving.

ENTERPRISE

Shovelling snow is the order of the day.

We are having real winter weather, plenty of snow and snapping cold winds.

The roads are in a very bad condition for traffic on account of the snow storms and high winds. We hope we may get more favorable weather next month.

Miss Elizabeth Mellow has resumed her studies at the Ladies' College, Cobourg, after spending the holidays under the parental roof. We wish her success.

We were sorry to hear of Rosamond Smith being [illegible] in Toronto, [illegible] E. Smith, [illegible]. We hope for her speedy recovery.

Mr. W. S. [illegible] & Sons are busy cutting logs at their [illegible] near Fifth Lake.

Miss Benedicta Walsh, [illegible], was in the village on Thursday en route to Trafford to visit Mrs. Champagne.

Our mail couriers are experiencing trouble in getting through on their daily trips on account of the heavy roads.

Mr. G. Lockwood has sold his residence and shop to Mr. W. Wagar, who has sold his house to Mr. Wm. Thistlewaite, and intend moving in the near future.

We are sorry to say that Miss May Fenwick is not improving in health as rapidly as we would like to see her. We hope there will soon be a change for the better.

Our village was rather quiet the end of the week as very few were anxious to try the snow drifts and so remained away until the storm ceased.

"SALADA"

—is tea at its best—in all its garden freshness and fine flavour.

"SALADA" sealed packets are proof against dust. The tea can't be contaminated.

"SALADA" costs no more than ordinary tea. Your grocer will recommend it.

"SALADA" TEA

B391

YOUR FUTURE

No one knows what the future holds—therefore the necessity for saving.

Money in the bank is your safeguard against the uncertainty of the future.

Start a savings account NOW with

THE DOMINION BANK 574

NAPANEE BRANCH

F. COTTLE, ... Manager.

Do Your Banking by R. F. D.

Make the mail your messenger; and save yourself the long rides to town.

Deposits may be made—butter and cheese cheques cashed—money withdrawn—just as easily and safely by mail as in person.

Write the manager to tell you all about this convenient plan of *Banking By Mail*—or call in and have it explained, the next time you are town.

14

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.

Napanee Branch, ... E. R. Checkley, Manager
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, . . J. W. McClymont, Manager
Tamworth Branch, ... S. D. Whaley, Manager

1869 — 600 BRANCHES — [illegible]

THE
ROYAL BANK
OF CANADA

FARMERS' SONS AND DAUGHTERS HAVE GREAT OPPORTUNITIES TO-DAY

[illegible]

CAPITAL AND RESERVE [illegible]

TOTAL RESOURCES [illegible]

FARM PROPERTY.—By having an agency at a central point any person wishing to sell or purchase a farm may get more and better opportunities than [illegible], many of whom may reside at considerable distance away. Anyone having a farm for sale may place the same in my hands [illegible] on reasonable terms [illegible]. My said terms will include the searching of title and the drawing of the deed without extra charge. Also anyone wishing to purchase a farm will do well to place their application with me. By having an intimate knowledge of farm lands and of the general requirements of farmers I am in position to render profitable and satisfactory service to those concerned in the above lines. I am also open for applications for the sale or purchase of Town Property on reasonable terms. T. B. GERMAN, Barrister-at-law, Napanee, Ont. 9-tf

Some tea is cheaper, some more expensive, but none quite so delicious as Daly's Good Tea for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible]

WANTED—[illegible] DOXSEE & CO.

FOR SALE—[illegible] T. B. GERMAN.

TO LET—[illegible]

FOR SALE—[illegible] THOS. SYMINGTON.

FOR SALE—Brass Wall [illegible] JOHN POLLARD [illegible] Napanee.

TO RENT—Store [illegible] John Street, Napanee.

FOR SALE—Two [illegible] sows, two years old, one to farrow March 20th, one Yorkshire, the other Tamworth, weight 400 lbs. each [illegible] sows later on; also two [illegible] for service or for sale, one Berks, the other a cross. Also one new milch cow, cheap for cash. ALFRED McCUTCHEON, Roblin, Ont. 8tf

If the glass part of your Thermos bottle is broken you don't have to get a new bottle, just get a refill at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

The Napanee Express
E. J. POLLARD.
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

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The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

Believes Success of Nation Depends on Payment of High Wages to Workmen

LORD LEVERHULME, speaking as the guest of the Authors' Club, London, said that it was only in the school of experience that the present phase of industrial unrest would achieve its own salvation. He hoped wages would not fall. He believed the success of the nation depended upon the payment of high wages. Great Britain's handicap in competition with the United States had been the low rate of wages.

The unrest at present, Lord Leverhulme declared, was perfectly natural. No nation in the world had kept its head cooler, and no workman in the world could have served his country in a time of war or returned after the war less demoralized than the British workman. There was, however, on the part of the workman a general feeling that he was a cog in the industrial machine and that he would like to be something more than a cog.

What could be better for the nation than an ambitious workman? asked Lord Leverhulme. Could there be anything more appalling if such a thing had existed after the war, than apathy, indifference, and acceptance of conditions on the policy of taking it lying down? If that were the state of the workman to-day, in his opinion there would be disaster for the British nation.

He was confident that the advent of the workman on a board of directors when he learned his vocation as a director, and not before, would be the means of achieving the greatest progress for their great industrial concerns that could be imagined. When the time came that the workers could share the responsibility with the directors and had learned the lessons that the directors had learned that by increased production and cheapened cost they could beat competition and increase the wages fund, British industries would be second to none. He did not believe the profits of industry would be less, and the reward for every one would be in greater happiness of life which, after all, must be their object and aim.

Gone for Good.

A fashion expert is declaring that the white skirt will come back soon. Alas! He doesn't know our laundry. —London Opinion.

Raise the heifer calves from the best cows.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

COLD CAUSED WRECK

Pullman of Stalled Train Was Telescoped.

Second Section of No. 1 C.P.R. Express for Vancouver Dashed Into First Section, East of North Bay, and as a Result 15 People Were Killed and 25 Seriously Injured.

NORTH BAY, Ont., Jan. 27.—Fifteen are dead and a large number injured as the result of one of the worst train wrecks in the history of this division of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which occurred at Corbeil, 11 miles east of here, Sunday morning. No. 1, Canadian Pacific Express for Vancouver, due here at 10 a.m., was running in two sections. No. 1 section became stalled owing to failure of the engine to make steam under the condition of severe frost obtaining, and No. 2 section came round a curve on it, the locomotive of No. 2 section telescoping the rear sleeper of No. 1 section.

It is stated that torpedoes had been placed and other precautions taken by the crew of the stalled train, but there is as yet much confusion existing to be certain on this point. The two sections, it is stated, were running close together. Eight passengers on the stalled train were killed outright, and seven others died after their removal on the way to the hospital here. At the hospital it is reported that none of the injured there are fatally hurt. So far as known all the casualties are immigrants for Western Canada or residents of the West on the way home from Europe.

Among those killed were Mrs. Peden and her two young sons, who were on their way to Vancouver. The two boys were killed outright. Mrs. Peden died after removal from the wreck.

Others in hospital here include a bride and groom, names not yet learned.

Nearly all the passengers on the train were western people, and all the casualties were in the rear Pullman, which was telescoped. It is assumed from the latter fact that the rear section of the train could not have been running at full speed when it came in collision with the leading portion. Disablement of the locomotive, due to extremely cold weather, is given as the cause of the first section having been stalled. The accident occurred at 10.30 a.m. and at that hour the thermometer stood at 22 below zero.

Of the score of injured now in the hospital here, it is stated that all have a good chance of recovery. The train bringing them from the scene of the wreck reached here Sunday afternoon, and was met by ambulances, autos and sleds. On receipt of the news of the collision nurses and doctors had been rushed to Corbeil on Supt. Scully's private car.

The following is the list of known dead:—

Mrs. Hugh Peden, 1973 Seventh avenue, Vancouver, B.C.

Wallace and Hugh Peden, sons of Mrs. Peden.

James Tilley, Vancouver, B.C.

Dr. J. W. Chambers, Calgary.

Charles H. Beale, son of C. H. Beale, Vancouver.

The injured are:—

Charles H. Beall, Vancouver, slight cuts.

Arthur Benaglia, Calgary, arm bruised, hand and leg cut.

Helen Breckenridge, Calgary, scratched about hands and face.

Capt. Leslie B. Burrows, Victoria, head and back injured.

C. A. Coderie, Winnipeg, injury to head.

Maude Copley, Winnipeg, injury to head.

Lt.-Col. R. Innes, presumed of Victoria, injuries to back and right arm.

Mrs. and Mr. Wm. Klemme, Calgary, no details of injuries.

Mrs. S. B. Klemme, Calgary, no details of injuries.

A. J. Lapierre, McLeod, Alta., shock.

Miss McLaughlin, Vancouver, hands cut and face bruised.

Mrs. G. Murray, Saskatoon, internal injuries.

Capt. G. MacLaren, presumed of Victoria, cut about head.

George Rasmussen, Seattle, internal injuries.

Mrs. George Rasmussen, Seattle, internal injuries.

Miss Dorothy S. Keene, Los Angeles, internal injuries.

T. I. Spencer, Medicine Hat, left arm and hand bruised.

G. T. Graham, Winnipeg, dislocated shoulder, cut on leg and hip.

John Adamsen, Calgary, hip cut and bruised.

Local advices are to the effect that none of the crew was killed. Pullman Car Conductor Maddelin suffered a fractured knee and bruises about the head and hands.

Vatican Tribunal Soon to Decide.

ROME, Jan. 27.—The Sacred Rota Tribunal is approaching conclusion of the case of defamation between Monsignor Fallon, Bishop of London, Ont., and the Reverends Beaudoin, Langlois, Leureux, Loiselle and St. Eyr, the last of whom is now dead.

The case originated with articles appearing in Canadian papers in 1910 accusing Monsignor Fallon of favoring the Irish against the French-Canadians. The attacks extended to the Apostolic Delegate at that time.

Investigation into the case has been going on for ten years.

6,000 Russ Troops Die of Typhoid.

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 27.—Six thousand Russian troops are dead in the typhoid epidemic, according to a special despatch from Reval. The situation in that territory is grave owing to the lack of medical supplies.

British manufacturers complain that mid-week soccer games are so largely attended by mechanics that production in the Old Country is being seriously interfered with.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper—A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Toronto is to have ten new public playgrounds.

Oscar Tellman, a Hydro lineman, was electrocuted at Chatsworth.

The third national convention of the Canadian Y.M.C.A. opened in Toronto.

The Unionists of Londonderry were defeated in the municipal elections of last week.

Premier Lloyd George left Paris for London to-day. Premier Nitti left for Rome last night.

Capt. Plummer and Lieut. Joan Arnoldi were tendered a civic reception at the City Hall, Toronto.

The headquarters of the Machine Gun Brigade of the Permanent Force will be at Kingston and Barriefield.

James McBurnie, jr., owner of a sawmill in Widdifield township, near North Bay, was killed by a falling tree.

The Supreme Council has adopted the British and French proposals regarding the lists of Germans guilty of war crimes.

Labor members of the Ontario Legislature met in secret session Tuesday and decided to form a separate Labor group in the Legislature.

L. D. Wilgress has been appointed Canadian Trade Commissioner in Southern Russia, Roumania, Poland, Jugo-Slavia and Czecho-Slovakia.

Flour dropped 50c a barrel in the Minneapolis market yesterday. The general market decline in wheat was given as the reason for the drop.

John T. Irwin was instantly killed in Hamilton while crossing a street, when the trolley pole of a street car snapped off and struck him on the head.

Dr. A. S. Grant, secretary of the Referendum Committee, stated that he did not favor going to extremes in the enactment of prohibition legislation.

R. H. McElroy, M.P.P. for Carlton for ten years, and for the past three months registrar of that county, died at his home in Ottawa after three days' illness of pneumonia.

THURSDAY.

The Caproni triplane, flying from Rome to Tokio, has reached Saloniki.

Georges Carpentier, French heavyweight boxer, will visit the United States next month.

The Dominion Bank reports profits for the year at $1,169,703, compared with $1,086,498 last year.

Every river in the state of Maryland is frozen over, and many of the oystering craft are icebound.

Catherine Carney, widow of John Carney, of Guelph, died at the age of one hundred and five years.

R. W. Breadner has been appointed temporary Paper Controller, in place of R. A. Pringle, resigned.

The annual meetings of a number of Presbyterian and Baptist churches in Toronto were held Wednesday.

Indictments have been returned at Chicago against Wm. Brass Lloyd, the millionaire Socialist, and 37 other alleged "Reds."

The moving of patients from the Queen Street Hospital for the Insane, Toronto, to the new hospital at Whitby began Wednesday.

Many suggestions for widening the scope of Y.M.C.A. activities throughout the Dominion were made at the sessions of the convention in Toronto.

The United States Railroad Administration has placed an embargo on all freight moving east from Canada to the United States by way of the Niagara frontier.

Frederick Windsor, of Ford, 80 years of age, was instantly killed at Windsor by a train whose approach he did not hear, having his head muffled up in a thick scarf.

Hon. D. Carmichael, Minister without portfolio in the Drury Cabinet, made public a report on his investigation into the conditions in the Kapuskasing soldiers' reservation.

The presidents of the various women's societies and clubs of Quebec City have reorganized the Local Council, in affiliation with the National Council of the Daughters of Canada.

FRIDAY.

Housebreakers made a haul of $600 worth of jewelery in a Toronto house.

Demand sterling opened at new low record of $3.60¼, but rallied to $3.62½.

The radicals scored a victory in the Toronto Trades and Labor Council elections.

The Cassandra was damaged in collision with the tug F. W. Roebling in Halifax Harbor.

Hartley Dewart, in addressing Southwest Toronto Liberals, said there was a "decadent press" in Ontario.

Jack Dempsey has appealed for an official investigation into the charges that he was a draft-dodger during the recent war.

Rev. Max Arndt, a well-known Lutheran minister, pastor of a church in Bridgeport, died suddenly at his home in Kitchener.

Spotted fever is making increased ravages in Eastern Galicia. There are more than 10,000 cases, and have been 10,000 deaths.

The Chief Dominion Government Meat Inspector stated that commercial gelatine was often not what it was represented to be.

Dr. John R. Mott and C. W. Bishop addressed the banquet which closed the Canadian National Y.M.C.A. convention in Toronto.

Dafo Djegomanoss, a Macedonian trackman, in the country only a few months, was killed instantly by being hit by a M.C.R. train at Niagara Falls.

The revenue from automobiles and parts imported into Canada in 1919, together with excise on those of domestic manufatcure, totalled $13,886,097.

Large increase in the number of influenza cases was recorded in Detroit Thursdays. There were twelve deaths from pneumonia, but none from "flu."

SATURDAY.

December bank statement shows decreases in assets of $134,000,000.

Helen Lowden, a nurse, 19 years old, was killed by an automobile in Winnipeg.

Henry Cox, postmaster of Burford for forty years, died at his home in his 86th year.

The censorship on books and literature generally, in operation during the war, has been removed.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

There is more energy in a pound of good bread made in the home with Royal Yeast Cakes than in a pound of meat. Bread making is a simple operation and requires no previous experience. Full instructions in Royal Yeast Bake Book, mailed free on request.

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD. TORONTO

Wm. Oscar Bay, a leading tailor at Sarnia, has been missing from his store and his residence since he closed [illegible] urday night, 10th inst.

A [illegible] who registered as E. G. Bell, [illegible] East 47th street, Chicago, at a [illegible] London, Ont., died suddenly shortly after.

More than one-half of the $850,000, Toronto's objective of the Methodist Forward Movement drive, has been subscribed.

Dr. E. W. Gustin, of St. Thomas, one of the oldest practitioners in Western Ontario, died at his home in his eighty-sixth year.

J. B. Beauchemin was burned to death, together with three horses, in a lone lumbering camp in the backwoods of Kamouraska, Que.

John F. Orde, K.C., of Ottawa, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Justice Britton, resigned, in the King's Bench Division of the Supreme Court of Ontario.

Jean Pierre Sistiaque was sentenced to serve a life term in Edmonton Penitentiary for the manslaughter of his roommate, George McEver, at Drumheller last June.

Vernon, B.C., is without a city council or a police commission, no nominations having been made for them, and the time having expired of those in office in 1919.

Flossie Woodhouse, a Windsor telephone operator, sixteen years of age, took a dose of poison a few minutes after coming home from duty Thursday night, and died at midnight.

MONDAY.

Ten degrees below zero was the temperature reported in Toronto on Sunday.

The Musk Ox and Reindeer Development Commission began its sittings in Ottawa on Saturday.

Large crowds attended the English soccer games on Saturday. Fifty-five thousand fans saw Aston Villa beat Arsenal.

A memorial service was held for F. L. [illegible], and secretary of the I.O.F. in Bonar Presbyterian Church, Toronto.

prominent business men in Western Ontario, three times Mayor of Sarnia, is dead.

The first Sunday afternoon classes of the new Ontario Labor School, a Socialist venture, were held in Toronto Sunday.

The Western Ontario Winter Fair Association was organized at Chatham, with the object of holding a fair in that city early next year.

The Premier of Bulgaria has ordered the arrest of all Bolshevist leaders in the country, and fifty-five of them have been taken into custody.

Wm. J. Proctor, one of the mos

Chief Justice Mathers of Manitoba has decided that the Manitoba Workmen's Compensation Act is ultra vires of the Legislature.

Memorial tablets were unveiled at St. James' Square Presbyterian Church, Toronto, to the men of the congregation who served and those who died in the war.

A syndicate proposes to compete with the railways for freight business by a service of motor trucks between Detroit and Toronto via Port Huron Sarnia and London.

Noted Jewish scholars from all parts of the world are soon to meet in Basle, Switzerland, to prepare the foundation of a Hebrew university in Jerusalem. The corner-stone of the university has been laid, on the top of the Mount of Olives.

The elevator bar is the latest device for outwitting prohibition agents in the United States. One was raided in New York on Saturday night, and seven gallons of imitation whiskey were seized. The liquor was kept for a "high-class clientele."

TUESDAY.

..antford wards are to be redistributed.

The Powhattan is nearing Halifax, in tow of two tugs.

Dr. R. J. Dwyer, superintendent of St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto, died suddenly of heart failure.

The governing body of the International Labor organization held its first meeting at Paris Monday.

Fire damaged the machine works of W. & J. G. Greey, Toronto, to the extent of $65,000 Monday night.

The revolting tribesmen in India still continue to refuse to bring in rifles in payment of fines imposed.

A proclamation has been issued withdrawing the restrictions against fairs and markets in Galway, Ireland.

Lt.-Col. H. C. Cox, of Toronto, has been invited to act as one of the judges at the Horse Show at Olympia in London in June.

Alex. McKinnon died in Woodstock of pneumonia at the age of 35, exactly a week after the death of his father, Daniel McKinnon.

Toronto City Council by a large vote demanded a probe of the Toronto Police Courts, following sensational charges made by Ald. Joseph Singer.

A tank of 7,000 gallons of oil took fire at the Canadian Shovel & Tool Co.'s plant in Hamilton from a workman's candle. The loss is about $5,000.

Polish despatches report that in the evacuation of the right bank of the Vistula the Germans have carried away all available provisions and have removed stores of coal.

James Young Smiley, of Woodstock, a prominent man in business, municipal, church and other public affairs, died at the age of fifty-five, the first victim of sleeping sickness in that city.

FEAR POLISH CRISIS.

Signs Are Ominous and Upheaval May Occur.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—Fighting is going on between the Poles and Bolsheviki on the Dunsburg (Dvinsk) front, according to despatches from Warsaw, where, it is reported, serious operations are looked for.

It is said that Kerensky is organizing a new white Russian army to fight the Soviet Government.

In official circles here it is the opinion that in case the Reds attack Poland all the powers signatory to the treaty must, under the terms of that document, send aid to the Poles.

General conditions in Poland are so intolerable that an upheaval is only a question of a few weeks, according to Ralph Rogers, a member of the American Red Cross, who has just returned from Warsaw.

"I cannot see how a revolution can be avoided," he said. "The morale of the army is shattered on account of dissatisfaction with the food and clothing supplied. This is especially true of the troops on the Bolshevik fronts. I saw men clad only in shoes and an army blanket standing on sentry duty during the bitterly cold nights, while others slept in unheated barracks with icy blasts sweeping the rooms from broken windows.

"The prison camps inspected by us were in an appalling condition. The Bolshevist prisoners had next to nothing to eat, no clothes and no blankets. Every day in Camp Kowal from twenty to thirty die and their bodies are thrown into a deserted house where the dogs can get at them. Starvation as well as typhoid causes the deaths. Small villages have also suffered terribly from the food shortage. When I visited a village south of Brest-Litovsk in November the population was 800; when I returned two weeks ago the population had dwindled to 300. Five hundred had died from starvation."

REPRIEVE GRANTED.

Hanging of Murderer Delayed for Thirty Days.

KITCHENER, Ont., Jan. 27. — A last-minute reprieve saved Stockyo Boyoff from being hanged Monday. Word was received Sunday night from Ottawa by Sheriff Lackner to stay proceedings for thirty days.

M. A. Secord, of Galt, who acted as counsel for Boyeff at his trial, is believed to have found a new clue which may have considerable bearing on the murder.

Boyeff was to have paid the extreme penalty with Ivan Petcoff for the murder of John Sorokaty at Galt May 24 last. On Saturday Petcoff's sentence was commuted to life imprisonment.

When Boyeff was informed that he had been granted a reprieve he was visibly pleased, but no assurance was given him that the sentence would not be executed a month hence, and he was told to continue making preparations for his death on February 26.

ESCAPED MARTIAL LAW.

Viscount French Changed Plan at the Last Moment.

DUBLIN, Jan. 27.—Dublin city and county escaped declaration of martial law by only a few hours, it was learned Monday. Lord French had prepared a proclamation ordering establishment of martial law, effective Monday, but for some unknown reason late Sunday night countermanded the order. The counter order did not come through until posters had been printed in the Government office. The order arrived only a few minutes before the posters were to leave the building to be posted throughout the county.

The proclamation will be made effective at the first sign of renewed radical outbreaks, it was understood. Meanwhile, Sinn Fein expected a big round-up of Irish Nationalists. None of them would appear in public.

Sheriff Asked Trial.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 27. — Sheriff Colin Insker and Deputy John Pyniger were made defendants Monday on charges of wilful misconduct in connection with the return of jury panel of 231 members called to try seven strike leaders. The officials went on trial at their own request for a full investigation of the charges brought by defence in support of its challenge to array. This fact and motion by John Queen, one of the defendants, for a change of venue constituted the morning's features.

Herr Erzberger Attacked.

BERLIN, Jan. 27.—Mathias Erzberger, the Minister of Finance, was wounded by a shot fired at him on Monday.

Herr Erzberger was shot as he was leaving the Criminal Courts Building after a hearing in the Helfferich suit. Only one shot struck the Minister.

To Organize Citizens Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27. — By a vote of nine to five the Senate Military Committee approved provisions providing for compulsory military training for boys between 18 and 21 years, inclusive, and ordered a favorable report upon the Army Reorganization Bill.

Big Wool Profits Made by Britain.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Great interest still centres in the post-war profits of spinners in the wool textile trade. W. Mackinder, who first made allegations before the Central Profiteering Committee, is making the subject the main plank of his platform in the municipal campaign at Bradford. Mr. Mackinder, in a speech, said the Government had made more than $30,000,000 profit in wool deals last year.

N. Y. Herald and Sun Amalgamate.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Frank A. Munsey announces that the Sun and the Herald would be amalgamated February 1 under the name of the Sun and New York Herald. Mr. Munsey explains that because the ground lease upon which the Herald building now exists expires in a few months, the paper will be published from the plant of the Sun.

Z. A. Lash Dead.

TORONTO, Jan. 27.—Z. A. Lash, K.C., LL.D., is dead, and Canada has lost a jurist of wide reputation and outstanding ability, a lawyer who, for over half a century had practiced his profession in the Dominion. Death came late Saturday, as a result of a stroke of paralysis suffered about two weeks ago.

ARCH-HUN MAY ESCAPE

Ex-Kaiser Is Safe for the Present in Holland

Netherlands Government Refuses Request of the Allies to Hand Over Former Emperor of Germany to Face Trial for Crimes Against Civilization Committed During Great War.

PARIS, Jan. 27.—It has been formally announced that Holland will not surrender the former German emperor to the Allies to be tried for crimes in connection with the Great War.

Following is the reply of the Netherlands Government to the Entente:

"By verbal note, dated January 15, 1920, given to the envoy of the Queen at Paris, the powers, referring to article 227 of the Treaty of Versailles, demand that the Government of Holland give into their hands William of Hohenzollern, former Emperor of Germany, so that he may be tried.

"Supporting this demand, they observe that if the former emperor had remained in Germany the German Government would, under the terms of article 228 of the Treaty of Paris, have been obliged to deliver him.

"In citing as premeditated violations of international treaties, as well as a systematic disregard of the most sacred rules of the rights of man, a number of acts committed during the war by German authority, the powers place the responsibility, at least morally, upon the former emperor.

"They express the opinion that Holland would not fulfil her international duty if she refused to associate herself with them, within the limit of her ability, to pursue, or at least not to impede, the punishment of crimes committed.

"They emphasize the special character of their demands, which contemplate not a judicial accusation but an act of high international policy; and they make an appeal to Holland's respect of law and love of justice, not to cover with her moral authority violation by Germany of the essential principles of the solidarity of nations.

"The Queen has the honor to observe, first, that obligations which for Germany could have resulted from article 228 of the Treaty of Paris cannot serve to determine the duty of Holland, which is not a party to the treaty.

"The Government of the Queen, moved by imprescriptible reasons, cannot view the question raised by the demand of the powers except from the point of view of its own duty. It was absolutely unconnected with the origin of the war, and has maintained, not without difficulty, its neutrality to the end. It finds itself then face to face with the facts of the war in a position different from that of the powers.

"It rejects with energy all suspicion of wishing to cover with its sovereign right and its moral authority violations of the essential principles of the solidarity of nations; but it cannot recognize an international duty to associate itself with this act of high international policy of the powers.

"If in the future there should be instituted by the Society of Nations an international jurisdiction competent to judge in case of war deeds qualified as crimes and submitted to its jurisdiction by statute ante-dating the acts committed, it would be fitting for Holland to associate herself with the new regime.

"The Government of the Queen cannot admit in the present case any other duty than that imposed upon it by the laws of the Kingdom and national tradition.

"Now, neither the constituent laws of the kingdom, which are based upon the principles of law universally recognized, nor a respectable secular tradition which has made this country always a ground of refuge for the vanquished in international conflicts, permit the Government of Holland to defer to the desire of the powers by withdrawing from the former emperor the benefit of its laws and this tradition.

"Justice and national honor, of which respect is a sacred duty, oppose this. The Netherlands people, moved by the sentiments to which in history the world has done justice, could not betray the faith of those who have confided themselves to their free institutions.

"The Government of the Queen is pleased to believe that the powers will recognize the good grounds of these considerations, which rise above any consideration of personalities, and which seem to it so peremptory that they could not reasonably give rise to wrong interpretations."

ROYAL EXPENSES.

King and Queen Run Household on Economical Lines.

In order to save heavy travelling expenses, the King arranged that during his stay in Scotland three only of his Privy Councillors should come north when a council was to be held. Everyone knows how the King cut down his private expenses during the war, how the royal household ate war bread, and adhered most strictly to rations, how every pound that could be saved was given to the war charities.

But King George and Queen Mary began their career of economy long before the war. Their housekeeping at Marlborough House was always a pattern in this direction. All bills had to be presented monthly by the royal tradesmen, and all were paid within a week of presentation. No discounts were asked for or accepted if offered, but, on the other hand, any attempt at profiteering met with short shrift. The offender was simply removed from the list.

The King—the prince, as he then was—himself went through all accounts for personal necessities, such as clothes, books, cigars, and all these private bills had to be initialed by him before payment.

When King Edward came to the throne he instituted economies which cut the civil list down by tens of thousands of pounds. Old servitors were pensioned off and useless posts abolished. King George went further still, and his private household is at present an example to all his subjects, in the matter of administration, which is careful without being in the least parsimonious.

It might be mentioned that waste of any kind is abhorrent to the King or Queen. The waste in Queen Victoria's time was frightful. A candle once lighted, a bottle of wine once opened, a game pie once cut—these became perquisites of the servants.

Nothing of that sort occurs to-day.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, Jan. 27.—Quotations on the Board of Trade yesterday were as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (In Store Ft. William).
No. 1 northern, $2.80.
No. 2 northern, $2.77.
No. 3 northern, $2.73.
Manitoba Oats (In Store Fort William).
No. 2 C.W., 94¾c.
No. 3 C.W., 91¾c.
Extra No. 1 feed, 91¾c.
Manitoba Barley (In Store Ft. William).
No. 3 C.W., $1.52¾.
No. 4 C.W., $1.45¾.
Rejected, $1.35¾.
Feed, $1.35¾.
American Corn (Prompt Shipment).
No. 3 yellow, $1.50, track Toronto.
No. 4 yellow, $1.47, track Toronto.
Ontario Oats (According to Freights Outside).
No. 3 white, 95c to $1.
Ontario Wheat (F.o.b. Shipping Points, According to Freights).
No. 1 winter, per car lot, $2 to $2.01.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.97 to $2.03.
No. 1 spring, per car lot, $2.02 to $2.05.
No. 2 spring, per car lot, $1.98 to $2.05.
No. 3 spring, per car lot, $1.95 to $2.01.
Peas (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $3.
Barley (According to Freights Outside).
Malting, $1.80 to $1.82.
Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $1.45 to $1.48.
(Rye (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $1.75 to $1.77.
Manitoba Flour (Toronto).
Government standard, $13.25.
Ontario Flour (Prompt Shipment, In Jute Bags).
Government standard, $9.60 to $9.85, Montreal; $9.85, Toronto.
Millfeed (Car Lots, Delivered, Montreal Freights, Bags Included).
Bran, per ton, $45.
Shorts, per ton, $52.
Good feed flour, per bag, $3.60 to $3.75.
Hay (Track, Toronto).
No. 1, per ton, $27 to $28.
Mixed, per ton, $25.
Straw (Track Toronto).
Car lots, per ton, $16 to $17.
Farmers' Market.
Fall wheat—No. 2, per bush., nominal.
Spring wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Goose wheat—No. 3, nominal.
Barley—Feed, $1.75 per bushel.
Oats—$1 to $1.02 per bushel.
Hay—Timothy, $26 to $30 per ton.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

J. P. Bickell & Co., Standard Bank building, report the following prices on the Chicago Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Corn—					
May ...	136	136⅜	134⅞	135¼	135⅞
July ...	133¼	133½	132⅛	132⅝	133
Jan. ...	146	146¼	144⅞	145	145
Oats—					
May ...	83⅝	83½	82⅝	83	83¼
July ...	76	76	75⅛	75⅝	75⅝
Pork—					
May ...	39.25	39.45	39.15	39.32	39.30
Jan. ...	.....	.....	.....	b39.30	39.25
Lard—					
May ...	24.55	24.55	24.25	24.25	24.50
July ...	24.82	24.85	24.55	24.55	24.80
Jan. ...	23.50	23.50	23.40	23.40	23.60
Ribs—					
May ...	20.80	20.80	20.65	20.67	20.80
July ...	21.10	21.17	20.97	20.97	21.10
Jan. ...	.....	.....	.....	n19.80	.....

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Jan. 27.—With around 4800 fresh cattle at the Union Stock Yords yesterday the market for all classes of butcher cattle was quotably from 75c to $1 lower, and at the close there was a large percentage of the cattle left unsold, some placing the number at as high as 2000 cattle remaining in the yards. The market for choice butcher cows was fairly steady and there was quite a demand for some breedy feeders. Choice milkers and springers still command satisfactory prices, but the common to medium milkers are slow of sale. The outlook is none too good for the balance of the week.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Jan. 26.—Cattle, receipts, 2,200; heavy, steady, others, 25c higher. Prime steers, $16.50 to $17; shipping steers, $15.50 to $16; butchers, $9 to $15 50; yearlings, $14 to $15.50, heifers, $6.50 to $11.50; cows, $5 to $10.75; bulls, $6 to $10.50; stockers and feeders, $6 to $10 25; fresh cows and springers, steady, $65 to $175.

Calves, receipts, 1,200; 50c higher; $6 to $12.50.

Hogs, receipts 8,800; 35c to 50c higher. Heavy, $16.65 to $16.85; mixed, 16.75 to $16.85; yorkers, $16.85 to $17; light do., and pigs, $17; roughs, $14.50 to $15; stags, $10 to $12.50.

Sheep and lambs, receipts 6,000; lambs 35c higher. Lambs, $12 to $22.10; yearlings, $11 to $19; wethers, $14 to $14.50; ewes, $5 to $13; mixed sheep, $13 to $13.75.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 26 — Hogs, receipts were 47,000; slow, higher. Bulk $15.60 to $15.90; top, $16. Heavy, $15.40 to $15.85; medium, $15.60 to $15.90; light, $15.65 to $16.00; light light, $15 to $15.50; heavy packing sows, smooth, $14.65 to $15.25; packing sows, rough, $14.25 to $14.65; pigs, $13.75 to $14.75.

Cattle, receipts, 19,000; strong; beef steers, medium and heavy, choice and prime, $16.65 to $18.50; medium and good, $11.75 to $16.65; common, $9.50 to $11.75; lightweight, good and choice, $13.35 to $17.25; common and medium, $9 to $13.35; butcher cattle, heifers, $6.75 to $14; cows, $6.75 to $12.75; canners and cutters, $5.50 to $6.75; veal calves, $17.50 to $19.25; feeder steers, $8 to $12 50; stocker steers, $7.50 to $11.

Sheep, receipts, 8,000; strong. Lambs, $19 to $20.85; culls and common, $15.50 to $18.50; ewes, medium, good and choice, $10.50 to $13; culls and common, $6.50 to $10.

Let Hohenzollerns Sell the Castles.

BERLIN, Jan. 27. — The German Government is about to make arrangements with the Hohenzollern family for the disposal of the various royal castles. The proposal for the agreement with the Hohenzollerns shortly will be submitted to the Prussian Assembly.

It is said part of the castles will remain in possession of the state, part in that of the royal house.

The royal house is to retain full right of disposition over the property remaining to it and is to receive an agreed sum of money for objects of art and the furniture of castles passing from it to the state.

Red Garrison at Moscow Revolts.

HELSINGFORS, Jan. 27.—Reports from Dorpat say a revolt has broken out among the Red garrison at Moscow. Another report says the People's Commissiares at Moscow have moved to Tver, owing to the spread of the plague.

C. J. Jones, of Spokane, Wash., was arrested in Toronto on a charge of fraud after a long chase.

Irish Smuggle In American Rifles.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—A report received from County Clare says that 2,000 rifles of American manufacture have been smuggled on to the Irish coast. The police were aware of the smuggling, but did not interfere until the number reached big proportions.

Many Anglican churches held their annual meetings Monday.

The U. S. Senate passed the Kenyon Americanization Bill, which would require all residents of the United States 16 to 21 years of age, and all alien residents who cannot speak English, to attend school.

OUR COAL SHORTAGE

IMPORTANCE OF POSSIBILITIES OF PULVERIZED COAL.

Mr. White Predicts That at Future Date, a Combination of Adverse Conditions Will Precipitate a Serious Coal Famine In Canada—Important Measures Advocated.

IN view of the importance of the possibilities of pulverized fuel, regarding which the Canadian Commission of Conservation issued a pamphlet, the Canadian News Office recently sought the views of James White, one of the best informed men on matters affecting Canada. Mr. White is permanent head of the Commission of Conservation whilst he is also chairman of the Advisory Council on Wild Life Protection. Before assuming his present duties Mr. White was chief geographer of the Department of the Interior.

In the course of his statement Mr. White said: "The fuel problem in Ontario and the well-settled portion of Quebec is one of the most important questions that Canada is facing at the present time. The Commission of Conservation, through its experts, has given attention to this important subject. In the autumn of 1910, nine months after the organization of the commission, our consulting engineer, Mr. A. V. White, predicted that, at some future date, a combination of adverse conditions would precipitate a coal shortage in central Canada. In 1910, this prediction was regarded as unjustifiably pessimistic, but "heatless Mondays" and similar measures in the winter of 1917-18 demonstrated the narrow margin upon which we were operating. At that time we were at war and our citizens accepted such things as part of the winning of the war, but now that peace has been restored, they will not accept them in the same spirit.

"The question, therefore, is," says Mr. White, "What can we do to abate or avoid the inconveniences and hardships of a coal shortage, which may involve anything from economy of fuel to conditions inimical to human life? We are advocating several measures to combat or avoid the detrimental results of such shortage. The two more important measures advocated are: (1) Greater utilization of our water powers, and (2) the more efficient use of coal, whether domestic or imported. We have strongly advocated the utilization of the water powers of the St. Lawrence to generate electric energy, this energy to be used to replace the coal used for the generation of power for manufactories of Eastern Ontario and Western Quebec. This hydro-electric energy will replace coal that we are now purchasing from the United States, and will assist in reducing the balance of trade that is, at present, running so heavily against us.

"Coal may be more efficiently utilized in a number of ways. It may be used as pulverized fuel or converted into carbo-coal or retort coke or into carbonized briquettes, the last-named process being applicable to lignite.

Pulverized coal permits the utilization of small coal, anthracite culm, and bituminous screenings and inferior grades of coal can be mixed with better grades. Notable economics have been obtained where it has replaced other fuel, and better distribution of heat has been obtained. As it is ground to extreme fineness and dried, and is blown into the furnace, it burns like a gas, the flame resembling an oil or gas flame. Mr. W. G. Wilcox has summed it by saying that utilizing it in this way, "we have changed entirely the characteristics of coal as commonly known, and pulverized coal affords a combustion that is hundreds of times faster than when burning lump coal.

"As each particle of pulverized fuel is surrounded by air, it undergoes almost instantaneous combustion. As the fuel approximates to a gas, an excess of 20 per cent. of air is possible as compared with 50 to 200 per cent. in the case of furnaces burning solid coal; the temperature of combustion is, therefore, higher. The entire combustible content of the coal can be burned, thereby effecting economies not obtainable even with high grade coals burned under favorable conditions.

"The numerous valuable by-products derivable from coal can only be reclaimed by means of distillation and all conservationists hope that, ultimately, no coal will be consumed in the raw state, but they also recognize that this goal is not, at present, obtainable. We may look forward to the day when all important industrial establishments requiring power or heat will be supplied with electric energy or coal gas from super-power stations, whether the electric energy be generated from water power or from coal provinces such as Alberta or British Columbia, which contain great resources of this valuable mineral.

"Pulverized fuel will play a very important part as a transition stage between the present methods of utilizing coal and the desideratum to which we look forward. It is not improbable that it will provide an economical method of using the by-product, coke, produced in the super-power plants to which I have referred."

In conclusion Mr. White stated that "at the present time, the nickel and copper smelters at Copper Cliff, Ontario, the British Columbia Sugar Refinery at Vancouver, and all the Canada Cement Company's plants, with the exception of the Calgary plant, which uses natural gas, are using pulverized coal. It is estimated that 12,000,000 tons of coal per annum is being pulverized in Canada and the United States, which demonstrates the economic importance of this method of utilizing coal."

LIFT CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

Doesn't hurt! Lift any corn or callus off with fingers

Don't suffer! A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store. Apply a few drops on the corns, calluses and "hard skin" on bottom of feet, then lift them off.

When Freezone removes corns from the toes or calluses from the bottom of feet, the skin beneath is left pink and healthy and never sore, tender or irritated.

Guaranteed as Per Specifications.

Chloe—I would only marry a man who has lived and suffered.

George—I suppose what you want is a widower.

The Dates to Plant for Heaviest Yields.

To Make Most Money From Wool Shearing Must Be Done Properly and Wool Handled Carefully—A Few Hints Which Have Saved Farmers Dollars.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THERE is a best time to sow each class of farm crops to secure the highest returns. It is difficult, however, to know which are the most favorable dates for the best returns of the different crops in all seasons. The results of experiments conducted over a series of years form a good general guide. Some crops give best results from later seedings. Seasons vary so much that in some years the grains are practically all sown by the dates at which it is only possible to start sowing in other years. It is of the utmost importance, however, to start cultivating the land as early as it is dry enough to work to good advantage. The first cultivations should take place for those crops which should be first sown. In this connection it is interesting to study the results of an experiment which was conducted in each of five years at the Ontario Agricultural College. Spring wheat, barley, oats and peas were sown on each of six dates. One week was allowed between each two dates. The experiment was conducted in duplicate by sowing with the grain drill and broadcast by hand in each instance. The following table gives the average results for the ten tests in the five-year period:

	Bushels of Grain Per Acre.			
Seedlings.	Spring Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Peas.
1st	21.9	46.2	75.2	25.4
2nd	19.2	45.9	76.0	28.8
3rd	15.4	39.8	64.2	28.5
4th	13.0	37.1	55.8	25.5
5th	8.4	27.6	45.2	21.5
6th	6.7	18.4	37.0	19.5

It will be seen that the spring wheat gives decidedly the best returns from the first date of seeding. There is not much difference between the first two seedings of barley and oats, but there is a slight advantage from the first date in the case of barley and from the second date in the case of oats. The peas, however, gave the highest returns from the second and third dates, and even the fourth gave a higher average yield than the first date. After the first week was past there was an average decrease per acre for each day's delay as the season advanced of 27 pounds of spring wheat, 47 pounds of barley, 48 pounds of oats, and 20 pounds of peas.

These results are of special interest and are worthy of careful attention at this particular time.

NEW DESIGNS IN ONE-PIECE DRESS

Latest Models So Charming and Serviceable Every Wardrobe Requires One.

VELVET GOWNS ARE ADMIRED

Fabric That Was Ever a Joy of Woman's Heart; Not So Much Trimming Is Used; Draped Hips Prevail.

The demand for the practical and very smart one-piece dress of serge or tricolette has in no way abated, advises a leading fashion writer. Indeed the new models of this sort of frock are so charming as well as so serviceable that no wardrobe is complete without at least one. Serge seems to have had its day, at least for the early fall and spring, for at this time the newer duvetyns and tricolettes are raging up and down the land.

It is hardly possible to describe the beauty of these one-piece frocks. When one has said they are of either of the two materials mentioned and that they are of the [illegible] type much has been told, but [illegible] appreciate fully the beauty and charm of such a dress one must see it. The trimmed hips prevail in the smartest of the new models. In fact, every dress, of whatever nature, reveals this fashion of adorning the hips. This is done either by so arranging the draperies that they give the desired extended line or by placing fringes, plaits, braid or frills in a decidedly extended effect along the hips and down the sides.

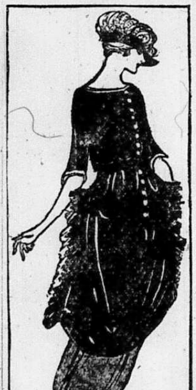
Curious Model Finds Favor.

There is one curious model which has attained a certain following which has waist and skirt cut all in one with no break whatever at the waist line, the whole presenting a perfectly flat back and front. At the hips the skirt is extended in a wide flare, suggesting pockets which stand well away from the body of the gown. Except for the line of buttons down the back or an occasional string belt this gown shows no other trimming. Obviously it is for the very slender, since the curved and more developed figures will not appear to advantage in a gown of such straight up and down effect that the skirt is little wider than the bodice.

Doubtless we shall grow a little tired of the emphasized trimming on the hips, but at this time it is well to recognize the fact that this sort of trimming is a distinct feature in the one-piece gown.

The coat dress simulating jackets or longer coats is ideal when developed in navy blue serge or duvetyn or tricolette. The latter fabric will probably be superseded as the season advances except in those cities where the climate permits lighter weight fabrics than the woolen.

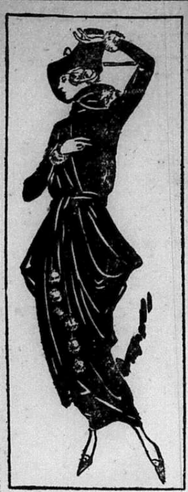
I have observed a very charming coat dress of dark blue serge with a tight, narrow underskirt of the serge, ankle length, and over which there hangs a tunic of the serge somewhat fuller than most we see. The upper part of this dress has a short Eton jacket faced down the front with scarlet broadcloth, and this is toned down with black soutache. The scarlet cloth forms a rather narrow vest and a belt extending all the way around the waist. The sleeves are long and tight, of the coat type, and button at the wrist. This is an ideal morning dress for shopping or other practical street wear. Soft fur collars of fox or lynx are worn with this kind of dress.



Charming Frock of Navy Blue Lyons Velvet Faced With Red.

French Styles Modified.

The duvetyn frocks are particularly lovely this year. They do not follow closely the French abbreviated sleeves and skirts, though the general idea of the French dresses, uncorseted, loose and scant, has been followed and modified to suit the American wearer. Many of the duvetyns have elaborately embroidered motifs on the skirts. Some have aprons of cloth thickly stitched with contrasting silk in good designs which enhance the beauty of the dress. They all have for the most part the new square cut neck, not nearly so decollete as earlier models were, and the sleeves may be short or long, as preferred. If short, they reach well to the elbow and flare. The longer sleeve is of the most tailored coat type and buttons at the wrist. Some of the makers do not adopt this method of closing a sleeve,



An Exquisite Creation of Black Velvet With Squirrel.

Fringe, ruffles and ribbons are to be reckoned with this fall. As to the fringe, many of the Parisian gowns of the most elaborate materials show it used in the most lavish way. For instance, over a gown of black satin there is placed an overdress of long and very heavy black silk fringe which hangs from the neck to the hem. At the waist the fringe is held in with a string belt ending with long silken tassels. From underneath this belt the long ends of the fringe hang out, and as they flare with every movement of the wearer the effect is distinctly Hawaiian or Samoan, where short skirts of a curious straw fringe are worn.

Two of these fringed silken frocks appeared the other day and were observed by all with intense interest, though the wearers scarcely seemed conscious of the concern they created.

Fringe on Duvetyn Dresses.

The duvetyn dresses, too, are being trimmed with this long fringe, as, for example, one finds a taupe duvetyn with the bodice made entirely of an uncut silken fringe placed over the duvetyn. The long apron tunic repeats a row of the fringe along the edge. Nothing has been more interesting than the continuation of this fringed trimming. It was so exploited two seasons ago that it comes as a slight surprise that it is still famed just now and seemingly more than ever. Undoubtedly we shall see much use of ribbon.

Ever Charming Velvet.

Velvet is the joy of every woman's heart. It used to be that most women waited until their daughters were married or at least fifty years had been reached before they could boast of a velvet gown. In those days a black velvet gown and some "real" lace and pearls were the synonyms of much wealth, therefore it is no wonder that all women longed for a velvet gown. Of course, velvet was frightfully expensive in those long ago times, but nowadays with duvetyn at $20 the yard, and peach bloom and tricolette close followers in this price, velvet seems almost economical. It is much used for the one-piece afternoon frock.

Not so much trimming is used on the velvet dresses. One excellent example is of black chiffon velvet with the draped hips so prevalent. The only trimming used is introduced at the neck in a half collar and on the sleeves in half cuffs of silver cloth embroidered in a beautiful shade of myrtle red. This fashion of making very small collars and cuffs is a lovely one, as charming touches of color can be cleverly used.

The very long overblouse of velvet or plaited satin or georgette is destined to become very popular, as it is a practical mode which all may follow. The new plaid skirts of the fine Scotch woolens are particularly good when topped with a tailored velvet overblouse of some harmonious color contrasting well with the mingled plaids. Everything in Paris reveals plaitings of some sort, bodices, skirts and indeed entire dresses being made of knife plaited or accordion plaited fabrics. The latter plaits are more satisfactory than the wider, as they are put in by machinery and do not come out so persistently as the others do.

FASHION HINTS

Bugle trimmings have tinkled their way in via Paris.

Embroideries in silk, wool or beadings are discreetly used.

Box pleated ruches are accentuating the silhouette of those who are slender.

Some of the imported evening gowns have used ostrich as a trimming. It is effective.

Ribbons, too, have reappeared as trimmings and accessories, and why not? What is more feminine than laces and ribbons?

Pendant ball trimming, slightly reminiscent of several generations back, has been smartly used on some advanced models.

Silk floss pompons have a chic that may descend from Pierrot, but these pompons are most effective fastening a belt or sash or decorating the ends of sash and draperies.

Laces are coming in through the extremes of entire gowns or modest little tuckers, collars, cuffs or vestees—these lesser trimmings being invariably of real lace, real Vals, filets, etc.

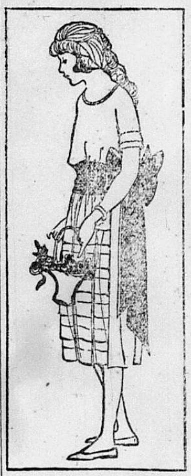
CHIC PARTY DRESS

Attractive Outfit for Girl of Twelve to Fourteen

May Be Built From Crepe de Chine, Satin, Georgette, or Crepe Meteor Materials.

The sketch shows a party dress for a girl of 12 or 14 years which may be made of crepe de chine or georgette or of satin or crepe meteor. The skirt is plain and straight at sides and back and the front is finished with half a dozen wide tucks, the lower one matching the other five in width and general arrangement, but being in reality a hem. The frock buttons in the center back. Tucks finish the short sleeves and a wide sash of velvet ribbon in black or some dark rich color is tied about the waist with a flaring bow under the left arm. The side fastening of the sash is a trifle smarter than the usual back fastening solely because it is different.

The evening frock that is not only smart but serviceable is really the wisest selection for the growing girl, whose frocks hardly last through one season without some alteration being required.



Party Frock for Young Girl.

THAT NEW SUIT FOR WINTER

Advantages and Disadvantages in Having It Ready-Made or Made to Order.

There are possible advantages in going to a tailor and having your suit made to order and just as many possible advantages in buying it ready made. With the ready-made suit there is always this:

You can see the finished garment. There is never the possiblity that you won't like it after it is finished, for it is finished to begin with. Moreover, if you are a person whose time is precious, the ready-made suit has advantages in that way. Even if it needs rather elaborate alterations you will need far less fitting than if you are having it made entirely to order. And of course, the ready-made suit, if you buy a good one from a smart shop, has probably been made according to the design of a very skilled and highly paid person, whereas your tailor may or may not have the eye of a real designer and he may or may not follow skillfully the lines of the design you select for him. However, if you are blessed with a good figure the tailor will reveal the fact as the ready-made suit cannot possibly do, even if it is altered, for it is necessary to make ready-mades according to designs that do not as a rule play up the figure. They must be built for the average figure and built according to lines that require the least possible fitting.

If you do go to the tailor bear this in mind: That for this winter suits made of heavy men's suit fabrics are going to be extremely smart. Select such a fabric that shows a decided stripe—one that would probably not be the one you would choose for your husband or son, because the stripes should be quite far apart and quite noticeable. A suiting of dark slate gray with a lighter gray stripe is a splendid selection. Now have the bodice pieces of the pattern cut lengthwise of the stripe with a tunic on the jacket cut the other way of the material. Or in some such way as this make use of the striping to give the suit its only trimming.

HUSBAND SAVES WIFE

From Suffering by Getting Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—"For many months I was not able to do my work owing to a weakness which caused backache and headaches. A friend called my attention to one of your newspaper advertisements and immediately my husband bought three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me. After taking two bottles I felt fine and my troubles caused by that weakness are a thing of the past. All women who suffer as I did should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. Jas. Rohrberg, 620 Knapp St., N. S., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues," should accept Mrs. Rohrberg's suggestion and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial.

For over forty years it has been correcting such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Dead Vegetation Useful.

According to the Ohio Experiment Station, vegetable matter, such as grass, straw, stalks and leaves, loses in six months fully 50 per cent. of its carbon or humus-making material. In other words, these materials ploughed under in the fall are twice as valuable for humus as when ploughed under in the spring. Here is an excellent reason why every day, when the ground is dry enough, be utilized in ploughing under the dead vegetation on our fields.

British scientists have succeeded in preserving soap bubbles intact for more than a month.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Advertising!

THE biggest men in the country have found that the easiest way to spell success is to A-D-V-E-R-T-I-S-E. Suppose the newspaper did not publish the news, how would the people know what is happening? If you don't publish the Store News how will the people know about your goods? You can never sell the goods people do not know you have.

Advertising is telling about your stock. The firm that advertises gets ahead; every time, of the firm that does not advertise. Shop-worn and out-of-date stock is the penalty merchants pay for not advertising.

PRINTING!

Counter Check Books
Letter Heads
Posters
Envelopes
Menu Cards
Statement Heads
Programmes
Dodgers
Calling Cards
Memorial Cards
Circulars
Bill Heads
Wedding Cards
Note Heads

We guarantee our work

The Napanee Express

Where Words End, Music Begins

Words, in themselves, are but poor interpreters of emotion. Where words end, music begins. Where words only suggest, music satisfies; it utters with a clear, vibrant voice what otherwise would remain unuttered.

Music will allow you to express your innermost thoughts and ideals.

But how, you ask, can you create this music since you are no musician nor the master of any instrument?

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

has stored up in its magic discs the music of the world's greatest musicians—the soul-children of the music masters. And this music The New Edison will RE-CREATE for you, in your own home, exactly as you would hear it in the grand opera houses and the famous concert halls.

You should read the beautiful book "Edison and Music" and the booklet "What the Critics Say" containing evidence that proves Edison superiority. Ask for copies when you come to hear the New Edison. 248

R. B. Allen, - Napanee, Ont.

Wilson's Hardware Store

Are you thinking of Painting or Decorating Your Home ?

Many are at it NOW, before the spring rush comes on.

We are fully prepared to meet your needs in the well known

Martin Senour—100% Pure Paint.

New Tone—(Flat) in White and Colors for walls and woodwork.

Wood-Lac—Floor Stain.

Marbleite—Floor Varnish.

—also—

Muresco and Alabastine—in all the popular tints.

D. B. WILSON

(Successor to John Fennell)
'Phone 138

HARRY E. SMITH
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee
9-3-m

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential. 39

JOHN T GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

The Coal Question !

Notice to our Customers

The price of coal will advance at the mines at least 50c. per ton at the rate of 10c. per month beginning May 1st next.

Both the United States and Canadian railways, notwithstanding the advanced freight of last year, have not been able to meet running expenses for months past.

The probabilities are that freight rates will be advanced in the near future still higher. Therefore there is no cheap coal in sight.

We urge our customers to lay in their next winter's supply at once before we have to advance prices.

CHAS. STEVENS.

27-tf

Notice.

When you are ordering your groceries don't forget H. W. KELLY'S for good farmers' butter; also strictly fresh eggs.

—o—

Poultry Meeting.

Professor R. W. Graham, of the Ontario Agricultural College, of Guelph, will lecture for the Napanee Poultry Association on Monday night, February 2nd, in the I. O. O. F. hall, over the Merchants Bank. Professor Graham will lecture on culling and mating, and raising poultry in general. Anyone interested in poultry cannot afford to miss this treat. These meetings are free, and everyone is welcome.

J. M. THOMPSON,
Secretary.

—o—

Second Hand Cars For Sale.

We have the following second hand cars for sale, which have been thoroughly overhauled and painted and are in first-class condition: 1917-18 and 19 Chevrolet's, Ford's, Maxwell's, Gray Dort's, D 35 McLaughlin, 6 Cylinder, 7 passenger Overland. Call in and inspenct these cars and get a bargain while they last. We will accept a limited number of orders for new Chevrolet cars at last years' prices and would advise intending purchasers to place their ordars now as there is going to be a shortage of cars and prices will be higher in the spring. 9-tf

C. A. WISEMAN.

—o—

H. W. KELLY has Naval oranges at 35c. and 60c. per doz.; also strawberry and raspberry jam at the old price.

For Winter Weather

A good pair of Shoes are very necessary in winter.

Perhaps a new sole or a little neat patching may make old boots servicable.

Bring them to us. We guarantee our workmanship.

F. P. TENDALL,
O'Brien's Old Stand, west of Campbell House.

No connection with any other firm.

IMPROVED THROUGH SERVICE Between KINGSTON and OTTAWA

Comfort Convenience Time

Daily except Sunday

	A.M.	P.M.		P.M.	NOON
Lv. KINGSTON...	7.45	2.15	Lv. OTTAWA......	4.50	12.30
Harrowsmith	8.36	3.10	Smiths Falls..	6.30	1.50
Smiths Falls.	10.30	5.00	Harrowsmith	8.38	3.45
Ar. OTTAWA.....	12.15	6.30	Ar. KINGSTON ...	9.30	4.30
	NOON	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.

THROUGH TRAINS { *Morning Train from Kingston* / *Afternoon Train from Ottawa* } No Change Necessary

163 For Tickets and Information, Enquire Nearest C.N. Rys. Agent

Canadian National Railways

Ontario Business College, Limited.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.
(52nd Year)

Famed throughout Canada, the United States, the West Indies and in South America for its thorough business training and the success of its thousands of graduates. The College publishes the three standard commercial text-books by J. W. Johnson, F.C.A.

Write for the free descriptive catalogue.

I. L. MOORE, Principal.

42-13t

PHOTOS **Amateurs Attention** Picture Framing

Have your FILMS DEVELOPED and PRINTED by a Practical Photographer, at

THE COOKE STUDIO
Next to Napanee Post Office.

ENLARGING COPYING

NEW GARAGE !

Repairing and Painting all Makes of Cars

Independent of any special car.

Gasolene, Oils, Tires, Etc., always on hand.

DAY and NIGHT SERVICE.

Your patronage solicited.

J. M. GRAHAM, Proprietor.
Opposite Gibbard Furniture Factory.

GRACE METH. CHURCH

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., Pastor

10.00—Quarterly Fellowship Meeting.
11.15—The Lord's Supper.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Regular Service.
Monday, 8.00—League meeting.
Tuesday, 8.00—National Campaign Committee meets.
Wednesday 7.30—Prayer service.
Thursday, 7.30—C.G.I.T. meet.
Friday, 8.00—Choir practice.

West End Barber Shop

Everything neat; First class Workmen; Cigars, Tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. Osborne.

—o—

NOTICE ?

Parties wanting an employee or employees, please apply to Mr. N. E. Root, representative (Official) D. S. C. R., Napanee District. Phone 43 or write Box 410, Napanee, Ont.

—o—

Richmond Farmers

will not ship hogs or cattle until Monday, February 9th. Hold your stock for highest price.

SID. C. S. McKIM,
Manager.

—o—

Boyes' Grocery.

Choice Groceries. Best fruits in season, good line of confectionery fancy cake and biscuits. Try our black tea. Try our Coffee. We pay the highest price for eggs. Phone 236. **G. W. Boyes,** John st

—o—

Hogs Wanted.

Will ship hogs on Saturday, January 31st, and will pay $18.00 for select hogs weighing 150 lbs. or over, and the raise, if any. $3.00 off for sows.

J. W. HAMBLY,
G. H. WILLIAMS.

—o—

Wanted Hogs, Cattle and Calves.

Will ship cattle, hogs and calves on Friday, February 6th. Hold your hogs for Friday. Will pay $18.00 for select hogs. Veal calves from 10c to 15c. lb. Fat cattle, new milch cows, and springers wanted. Can pay highest price for good cows.

FRED WILSON.

Telephone 226.

—o—

Napanee Collegiate Institute Concert.

To be held in the Armouries, Friday evening, February 13th, 1920. Proceeds in aid of the Collegiate Memorial to the ex-pupils who fell in the war. A programme of Choruses, Fancy Drills and Plays, also Shakespeare's Comedy, "As You Like It", will be presented. Tickets 35 and 50 cents, on sale by the pupils... 9-c

—o—

Wallace's Drug Store Sells.

4 lbs. cattle salts and 4 lbs. sulphur, 25c; 2 ounces Blauds Iron Tonic Pills, 25c; large bar Castile soap 45c, large size Palm Olive soap, 10c; quart can of Zenoleum disinfectant, 75c; new Electris louse powder, 40c lb.; Separator oil 25c quart; white Bronchitis cure, 60c; Rikers' Syrup of Tar and Cod Liver Oil, 50c; Wampole's Tasteless Cod Liver Oil preparation, $1.00; Scott's Emulsion, 25c, 50c and $1.00 per bottle. Everything fresh and good at WALLACE'S.

—o—

Property Changes.

Mr. Wellington Loyst on Tuesday purchased the property on John street now occupied by Mr. T. P. Cooke, from Mr. P. O. Berkley.

Mr. T. B. Wallace ras sold his house, corner of Dundas and Robert streets, to Mr. Hurrel Huffman.

Mrs. W. K. Pruyn has sold her residence, corner Dundas and Robert streets, to Mr. Harold Anderson.

Mr. A. S. Kimmerly has purchased the Coates building on Dundas street, occupied by The Beaver office and Poulos' billard room.

Mr. N. H. Chase has purchased Mr. Thos. Symington's store on Dundas street.

—o—

Goodyear Rubber Belting now in stock at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

—o—

Names for Memorial.

Additional names to be added to War Memorial List for monument:

Robt. Anderson Redfern, Bath.
Wm. David Unwin, Odesa.
P. Leo Kennedy, Newburgh.
Kenneth R. Cambridge, Napanee.
Capt. Ernest Mouck, Marlbank.
Geo. Rankin McConachie, Napanee.
Wilbert Charles Vandervoort, Napanee.
Lorne Dawson, Odessa.
Ryerson Rankin, Napanee.
Thos. Beck, Newburgh.
William Wright, Richmond.
Jas. Stoddard, Newburgh.
Ernest Woods, Tamworth.
William Prue, Erinsville.
Herbert L. Blemishflower, Wilton.
James Alexander McTaggart, Napanee, R. R. 1.
Eric Eagles, Yarker.
Wilfrid Dwyre, Camden.
John Wilkison, Ernestown.
Charles Hobbs, South Fredericksburgh.
Herberta Edgar Wicks, Napanee, R. R. 5.
James F. Websdale, Napanee.
Chas. Scott, Adolphustown.
C. H. Hicks, Glenfield.
Anson Pringle, Slate Falls.
Reginald A. Minchinton, Napanee.
Gordon E. Minchinton, Napanee.
John J. Sexsmith, Selby.
Arthur Bland, Napanee.
Harold McAfee, Deseronto.
Jas. E. Pollard, Adolphustown.

The complete list must be completed, if at all possible, the third Saturday in February, when the names must be sent to the monument makers, and any additions should be submitted before that time.

—o—

You are not always forwarned these days about advances on prices. Tea is bound to advance when present stock is sold. Buy now for future use a supply of Daly's Good Tea at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

French Dry Cleaning

LET US CLEAN YOUR SUIT

We have the latest machinery and appliances for French Dry Cleaning, consequently we are enabled to obtain the best possible results with all the goods sent to us.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, - Napanee.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening Prayer.

TO THE EDITOR

Sir:—As is our pleasant duty and privilege, we congratulate our new council on their election but would humbly suggest that they see that our public sidewalks are kept clear for the use of the general public, and not used by our merchants for display and business purposes, for which purposes some of them appear to use them. All of which is respectfully submitted.

A RESIDENT.

—o—

Be sure of Asperin

Genuine Aspirin Tablets in sealed vials at WALLACE'S Drug Store, agents for Rikers Bromide of Quinine Tablets.

—o—

Fresh Meats.

Have a choice line of fresh baby beef and a splendid stock of all kinds of fresh meats and fish, also smoked haddies and bottled oysters. 9-b

E. R. TODD.

—o—

Died in Prince Edward.

The death of Nathan D. Unger, occurred at Hallowell, Jan. 12th, at the residence of his son, Wilfred, where he moved a few weeks before his death. The deceased was born in Richmond eighty-four years ago and resided there the greater part of his life. Some twelve years ago he removed to Prince Edward county, purchasing a farm at Elmbrooke, which he disposed of a short time ago.

—o—

For dried fruit try the prunes and peaches at H. W. KELLY'S.

—o—

U. F. O. Meeting.

The farmers in the vicinity of Napanee held a meeting in the town hall, Tuesday, and organized a local branch of the United Farmers of Ontario. The meeting was very well attended and a large membership was secured, which is being added to daily. They will meet the first Saturday night in each month. All farmers are welcome. The following officers were elected:

President—M. N. Empey.
Vice-Pres.—Schuyler French.
Sec'y.—W. G. Shell.
Directors—W. G. Fretts, H. Shannon, C. W. Vandervoort, Ed. Harison, Wesley Dawson, Luke Trumpour, Harry Hunter.

—o—

Queen Elizabeth's Ring.

Every day in these changeful times the news comes of new men succeeding to old acres, and, coincidentally, the stream of old art treasures flows into the market. The demands of the death duties and the mandates of taxation are invalable. Shortly the Earl of Home's collections of old silver furniture and objects d'art, including Queen Elizabeth's mother-o'-pearl ring (with enameled portrait of herself and her mother, Anne Boleyn, in the bezel of it), will be sold at Christie's; the Scottish castles of Bothwell and Douglas, and of the Hirsel at Coldstream having been stripped of these noble heirlooms. The Home family first received their grant of lands from William the Lion before 1214. The first Lord was Ambassador to England in Henry VI.'s time. The third led the van at Flodden, and afterwards embraced the English interest. The fifth fought Bothwell and protected James I. in his youth, coming with that monarch to England in 1603 as a Privy Councillor, and being created an earl in 1605.

Rich and rare as the Home silver trophies will prove to be, popular interest will be centred in Queen Elizabeth's ring, which, it is highly probable, entered the family possession through James I.'s henchman and protector, the first earl. This mother-o'-pearl hoop is overlaid on the shoulders with bands of gold set with rubies. The gold bezel has six table diamonds forming the initial E, with a pearl and rubies. This bezel opens, and shows minutely chased and enameled portraits of the Queen and her ill-fated mother. A diamond and ruby mark their costumes. On the inner side of the loop is a tiny gold plaque, delicately enameled with Queen Elizabeth's badge—a phoenix—and with a crown in translucent colors. The chasing of the portraits was probably executed by that Italian artist who worked the historic ring which the Queen gave to the unfortunate Earl of Essex.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

SUNDAY, FEB. 1st

9.30 a.m.—Fellowship.
10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School.
7.00—Evening service.

The pastor will preach at both services.

The sacrament will be administered at the close of the evening service.

Prof. Baird, organist and choirmaster.

The Market Grocery.

We have salt in barrels and bags, any quantity, White Rose and Quaker flour, groceries. Will have a line of Empire seeds direct from the growers in England.

THOMPSON BROS.

—o—

Gift to St. Mark's, Deseronto.

A very handsome font made in Toronto, has been presented to St. Mark's church, Deseronto, by Mrs. Elsie Bowen, in memory of her late father, David Jones, and two brothers, John and Harold. It is a splendid piece of work, reflecting great credit on the firm who made it and will be of practical use as well as an ornament in the church. This, with other memorials, a Bible, credence table and prayer book, will be dedicated when the bishop pays his next visit to the parish.

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Masquerade Ball.

The masquerade ball given by the local branch of the Great War Veterans' Association was in every way an unqualified success, and is sure to be remembered as one of the events of the season. In spite of the severe storm between sixty and seventy couples appeared most of them in costume. Had prizes been given it is the opinion of the writer that the ladies prize would have been awarded to Miss Elizabeth Waller, who represented Pierrette. For the gentlemen, probably the best effect was obtained by Mr. Roy Armstrong, whose Hussar uniform was extremely well made. It was the unanimous decision of those present that the best comic character was Mr. Frank Rikley, as Si Perkins, U.F.O. The following is a list of those in costume:

Miss Jessie Hawley, Gipsy Girl.
Miss Diana Miller, Spanish dancer.
Miss Beatrice Woods, Colonial Lady.
Miss Juanita Thompson, Maid of Monte Carlo.
Miss Mildred Roblin, Edith Cavell.
Miss Viola Hall, Gipsy Girl.
Miss Mildred Perry, Dutch Girl.
Miss Margaret Gleeson, Gipsy Girl.
Miss Vera Armstrong, Colonial Lady.
Miss Helen Wallace, 1920.
Miss Helen Robinson, Alsace.
Miss Alice Coyle, Morning.
Miss Culloch, Night.
Miss M. Rennie, Gipsy Girl.
Miss Olive McMullen, Gipsy Girl.
Miss M. Knight, Canada.
Miss Rubie Bowen, Gipsy Girl.
Miss Ora Knight, France.
Miss Helen VanAlstyne, Mother Goose.
Miss Abbie Judson, Hallowe'en.
Miss M. Miller, Butterfly.
Miss M. Hayes, Napanee.
Miss Hatie Dawson, Gipsy Girl.
Miss L. Burchill, Highland Lassie.
Miss V. Exley, Martha Washington.
Miss L. Cavanaugh, Nurse.
Miss Mildred Johnston, Night.
Miss M. Kettle, Dutch Girl.
Miss Mae Reed, Sky.
Miss Carscallen, Canada.
Miss Spafford, Gipsy Girl.
Miss Julia Pybus, Queen of Hearts.
Miss E. Moore, Pierrette.
Miss I. Killorin, Queen of Hearts.
Miss Patterson, Dolly Varden.
Miss Carrie Cowan, Welsh Girl.
Miss Marjorie Myers, Nurse.
Miss Frances Dwyer, Edith Cavell.
Miss Muriel Joyce, Buttercup.
Miss M. Killorin, Nurse.
Miss Elizabeth Waller, Pierrette.
Mr. Wm. McLaughlin, Hard Times.
Mr. Geo. O'Neill, English Gentlemann.
Mr. Norman Root, Serbian Soldier.
Mr. Harry Babcock, Page.
Mr. Hugo Gleeson, Naval Lieutenant.
Mr. Geo. Root, Clown.
Mr. Allan Walters, George Washington.
Mr. Clarence Young, Turk.
Mr. Hugill, Militia Officer.
Mr. Files, Clown.
Mr. Grant Paul, Uncle Sam.
Mr. Reginald Douglas, Ikey Cohen.
Mr. O. Pybus, Clown.
Mr. Claude Knight, French Chef
Mr. Wm. Judson, Count de Boob.
Mr. Ray Huffman, Schoolboy.
Mr. Roy Armstrong, Hussar.
Mr. A. T. Mathew, Lieutenant Royal Navy.
Mr. H. L. Pringle, Indian.
Mr. Thos. Cousin, Red Devil.
Mr. H. Galbraith, Clown.
Mr. Hary McNeill, Isaac Goldstein.
Mr. Frank Rikley, Si Perkins, U. F. O.

The thanks of the committee is due to the patronesses, without whose help the dance could not have been held. They were, Mrs. B. F. Davy, Mrs. F. G. Cottle, Mrs. J. G. Daly, Mrs. F. F. Miller, Mrs. R. G. H. Travers, Mrs. Ella Wagar, Mrs. F. C. Wilson, Mrs. J. R. Dafoe.

The hall was tastefully decorated with flags, bunting, and coats of arms of the allies, while a new effect was obtained by the gay orchestra stall on the platform. The spotlight light which aided the moon in moon waltzes showed the spectators one of the most elaborate spectacles which the town has ever witnessed.

—o—

Woodhouse's celebrated poultry invigorator, animal invigorator, and louse powder, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

—o—

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

THE M. B. MILLS CO.

have resumed business in their new premises and are ready to do all kinds of work as formerly, making a specialty of

AUTO AND CARRIAGE TRIMMING

Lights put in auto backs and curtains while you wait. Get your tops re-covered at home and save expense. Discard that old cushion and back in your buggy and spring wagon and have comfortable new ones made.

Bring your cross-cut saw to MILLS and have it sharpened right. Also circular machine saws and hand saws.

We are going to boom the Poultry business and will sell Incubators, Brooders, etc., and will do Custom Hatching.

Leave your order now for a machine and get your hatching done early in large numbers, and don't wait for hens to set. We will have machines hatching all spring and will demonstrate how easy it is for anyone to run one. Will furnish eggs for hatching from the best flocks in the country, and will have **BABY CHICKS to sell.** Orders must be given early, as it will be difficult to supply the demand this season.

Remember the new shop, Hartman & Cards' garage, just two blocks south of Post Office, on same street.

Poultry for the table always on hand to order.

'Phone 298. 9-b

Needed Speeding Up!

He had come up to London for a few days to see the sights, and chanced to stroll into a quiet little restaurant for a meal.

After waiting for some time, a languid lady brought a basin of sugar and placed it on his table. He waited again, and then she came along with a jug of milk.

The wait after that became longer than ever, and the country visitor grew restive.

"I say, miss!" he called at last.

"Yes," said the lady, as she patted her hair.

"I don't want to worry you," the man apologized, "but I'm only staying in London for another two days, and I'd like to get this meal finished in time to catch the train."

Raising the Rent.

"If you can supply me with two rooms I'll give you ten pounds a week."

"You're too late; a gentleman's promised to marry me for them two rooms."—London Blighty.

Caddish Caddy.

Green Golfer—Does it make any difference which club you use?

Caddy—Not to me it don't.

—o—

Cut nails, in assorted sizes, 10 pounds for 25c, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

WONDERLAND

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Hedda Nova, in a six reel special feature, "THE SPITFIRE OF SEVILLE."

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Select Pictures present Clara Kimball Young, and her own company, in "THE BETTER WIFE."

Also two reel comedy.

WEDNESDAY

Evelyn Nesbit "Thaw," in a special production, "I WANT TO FORGET."

THURSDAY

Louise Huff, in "THE HEART OF GOLD."

Admission: 10c. and 15c.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

Masters & Snider

Funeral Directors and Embalming

Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

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Centre Street, Napanee
Phone—Office 30, Residence 145.
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Notice to Camera Owners

Developing, Printing and Enlarging. Expert work guaranteed. **I am not an amateur.** No need of sending your work out of town when you can have it done better and more promptly here. Regular prices. Use our films for good results. Cameras for sale. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive every attention. Office on John street, next door to Shepherd's grocery.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman

—o—

For a cold that is hard to shake or to fortify the system against the grip, use Rexall Wine of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophisphites. Easy to take and won't upset the stomach. $1.00 per bottle at WALLACE'S.

RECONSTRUCTION

is a word that has been mis-used for many purposes, but it can be properly apllied to our business, we are

SPECIALISTS
—in—
BUILDING and RECONSTRUCTION

and prepare plans and sketches and advise you on any class of Building Work.

Large Stocks of LUMBER, Lath, Shingles, Asphalt, Brantford, and other Roofings, Beaver Board, Wall Board Sheating Paper, etc.

METALLIC ROOFING

Company's products, Garages, Steel Shingles, Corrugated Sheets of highest quality.

Let me quote you on a Steel Barn or any other construction work.

W. D. MIDMER,
Lumber and Building Supplies.
Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
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SPECIAL SALE

of any goods in the store

Commencing Feb. 1, until May 1

Any purchaser that buys Five Dollars' worth, gets One Dollar's worth FREE.

I am going to make a change in my business, and want to clear out my stock.

Prices to suit everybody.

M. MAKER, - Madills' Old Stand

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.

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THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE

**Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, Proprietor**

NEW SUITS
—AT—
$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds New Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Styles and guaranteed the Best Range of $15.00 Suits in Canada

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Napanee, Ont.

Do not neglect to call and see our big display of

Bracelet Watches

We have beauties, all good grades, as we carry no cheap ones, so our name will carry a guarantee of Good Quality.

Watches from $17.00 Upwards.

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Wedding Rings.**
—at—
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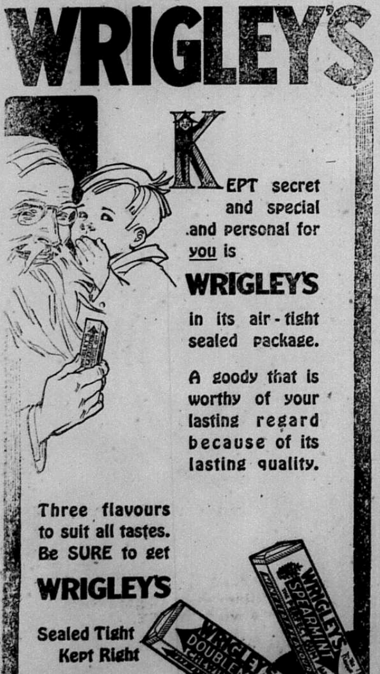

WRIGLEY'S

KEPT secret and special and personal for you is **WRIGLEY'S** in its air-tight sealed package.

A goody that is worthy of your lasting regard because of its lasting quality.

Three flavours to suit all tastes. Be SURE to get **WRIGLEY'S**

Sealed Tight
Kept Right

The Flavour Lasts

MADE IN CANADA

54

Have you tried Ingersoll Cream Cheese for lunches. **H. W. KELLY** has a fresh shipment in.

—o—

Kodaks and supplies for sale at WALLACE'S, sole agents for Napanee.

ICE

I am in the ice business again this year. Have purchased another ice house and expect to be in a position to supply all demands.

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CENTRE STREET, NORTH
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A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—Bridge Sreet, east.

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BUTTER WRAPPERS
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Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.
ROBT. LIGHT.
44 t

THE SINGERS

Written in [illegible]
By E. JOHNSON

From the fire in the heart of Heaven
Came a voice to the angel-choir,
Who will go again to my children
To the region of dark desire,
To my misled, sorrowful children,
With strong words tipped with fire ?

And two of the angel singers
Drank deep of the lethe of birth
And passed through the narrow gateway
Back into the darkened earth ;
Shadows were they among shadows,
'Till death from the hour of birth.

And nought of the past was with them,
In this region of dark desire,
But the soul that trembled flame-wise
In strong words tipped with fire ;
And a dream of Truth and Justice
Once learned in the angel choir.

But the world she laughed at dreamers,
The world ablaze with power,
Whose lurid light in splendour
On palace and dome, and tower,
Pointed the way to greatness,
In this their darkened hour.

And the one cried, "On O Brother,"
On to the crowned height !
And take our crown of laurel
In the whole world's waiting sight ;
For we are Kings of this people,
Kings by an ancient right

But the world she laughed at dreamers,
Cried "wherefore rant and rave ?"
We own no power, save that of the hour,
O the one who can seize and save ;
O greatest is he among nations,
Though the whole world call him knave.

Then she held a scroll emblazoned
With many an honored name,
Cried, "This is the golden pathway
Upwards to the heights of fame"
Then the singer touched his lyre and praised
That scroll with a loud acclaim.

And cried, "O sing my brother !
We will make a wreath of song,
A crown of flowers for the victor,
And the world shall praise us long
For what the great world honors
Must be honored by kings of song.

Then he twisted a darting sunbeam
Into a curl of gold,
He flooded the world with magic,
And wonders manifold ;
And wove them into a chaplet
And offered them all for gold.

But waves of an unknow ether,
Piercing the dense world's might,
Was the soul of the other singer
Standing alone in the night ;
And the veil was rent from the temple,
And the mist was swept from the height.

Was swept from the golden pathway,
Up to the heights of fame,
Paved with the hearts of the vanquished,
And stained with the blood of the slain—
And the great one's song of triumph
Was a lost soul's wail of pain.

Then he cried, "O not to the victor
With his soul's great weight of crime
But to monuments of his greatness
Let us raise our songs sublime—
Earth's latest civilization
Built o'er the wreck of time !"

But the flash of his soul was a searchlight
And he saw with a sick despair,
But lofty sepulchres builded
With dead bones bleached and bare,
Crowned with the skull and cross-bones,
For death was everywhere.

Then he swept on the wings of the lightning,
And he thrilled to the stream of her power—
And the strong arms of science up-bore him,
Who claimed the whole earth as her dower.
"Is it here we must look for life's promise
The hope and the dream of the hour ?"

But he heard 'neath the clashing and clanking,
And he heard o'er the wind of her flight
The moan of the crushed and the broken
As the juggernant rolled through the night.
And he cried, "O one soul of those lost ones
Outweighs all your wealth and your might !"

But the world cried, "Look to the castle !
'Tis a tower in the midst of time
Where the songs of the ages echo
With their melodies sublime,
And the art of the ages gathers
Upborne from the wreck of time.

"Seek ye to enter the castle
With the flower of our greatest and best
Whose flood-tide of music and feasting
Rolls on from the east to the west !"
But he found only phantoms and shadows
With weary souls moaning for rest.

Then he cried let my name in the silence
Be 'gulped with the unknown throng,
And lost in the art of the ages
Each note of mine unknown song,
Can I only raise by a hair's breadth
The world's great weight of wrong.

Then a vision of LIFE came to him—
Was it dream, or hope, or desire ?—
A dream of Truth and Justice
Once learned in the angel-choir ;
And his heart was aflame with longing
Consumed with a holy fire.

And he cried, "O Truth and Justice
Let me share your work and way,
I will ask no wage for the service,
Not any man's praise or pay ;
Content to LABOR ONLY
With you, 'till the close of the day !"

But he found Truth chained in dungeons,
A presence auguste and grand ;
And barefoot Justice wandered
A starvling through the land,
Hissed and jeered and mocked at
And scorned on every hand.

Then his heart grew sick with anguish
And his pathway dark and drear,
'Tis the pathway of all who follow
Truth and Justice here ;
O worthy is he who faints not
'Till he rests on the funeral bier !

And the heart of the lonely singer
Grew great in this realm of night,
For he saw, through the gloom, and the darkness,
A beam of heaven's own light ;
And it swept down the path of the ages
Where morning makes glorious the night.

And it clung like a heaven-sent halo
Enwreathing its new-born son,
A light to the children of freedom
Who followed it one by one
And his ecstacy, peace and gladness,
Was Heaven's own wispered, "Well Done !"

But the chain of the hours roled backward,
Linking the years with the years,
'Till the day with its giddiest triumphs
And the night with its gloomiest fears
Are engulphed in the tomb of the silence
Where no man listens or hears.

The final tomb of the silence
Of ashes, and rust, and decay,
Where the reapers have garnered the golden grain,
But the chaff they have swept away ;
Where the judgment of God is final
Before the new harvest day.

But the new sun comes o'er the mountains,
And the new Day sweeps into view,
And the singer who served High Heaven
Now rules on the earth anew ;
He sways now the heart of the nations
And he lives in the soul of the few.

A prophet who helps every wan'ring soul
To stand for the good and the true
And the race sweeps on to the heights of God,
Who on earth now reigns anew.

LIKE THROWING MONEY AWAY

Postmaster of Cardiff Could Get Nothing to Help His Wife Until He Gave Her Tanlac.

"You can tell them that Tanlac has helped my wife, too, and of all the people who have made statements about being benefited I believe we have the most cause to be thankful," was the statement made by J. Kuyper, postmaster of Cardiff, Alberta, while at the Owl Drug Store in Edmonton, recently.

"For the past five years," he continued, "my wife has been so crippled up with sciatic rheumatism that she could hardly get about and while I have spent lots of money for treatment and medicines it was just like throwing it away, for nothing was the least bit of help to her until she began using Tanlac. Since she has been taking this medicine, however, she has been steadily improving all the time. Aside from the fact that she has almost gotten rid of the rheumatism, her general health has improved wonderfully, and her weight has increased from less than one hundred pounds to one hundred and ten,

"Her condition, before taking Tanlac, seemed almost hopeless and was very discouraging. She had continual pains across the small of her back and her right hip and limb were so stiff and painful she was barely able to get around. She was so weak and was so easily exhausted and would have to lie down three or four times a day. Her nerves were badly shattered and this, together with her awful pain, made sleep almost impossible for her. Her stomach was also out of order in some way, for her food seemed to do her no good and in place of gaining strength she was losing all the time. Her appetite was poor and altogether her condition was serious, and regardless of the best care and attention she kept getting worse.

"After reading so much about Tanlac, and knowing of the good results others in our community had gotten from it, my wife began taking it and gradually improving from the very start. She was in such a bad shape that we could not expect complete recovery without time and patient use of the medicine. So she has stuck right to the treatment and it certainly has paid well, for the results have been nothing less than wonderful. She has taken twelve bottles now, eats three hearty meals every day, sleeps eight hours or more every night, and says she hardly feels the rheumatism any more. In fact, her entire system has been toned up and she is now about as strong as she ever was. Tanlac is the only medicine we have ever found that we could depend upon for results and it is so good that we feel it our duty to tell others about it."

Tanlac is sold in Napane at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON.

(advt)

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Grazing Prospects In North.

A commission will sit in Ottawa during the month of December for the purpose of inquiring into the possibilities of the Arctic and sub-Arctic portions of Canada as a grazing country. The commission which consists of Dr. J. G. Rutherford, Dr. V. Stefansson, J. S. McLean and J. B. Harkin, Commissioner of Dominion Parks, will inquire into the feasibility of the regions being utilized for wool and meat-producing purposes. Having in view the reindeer industry in Lapland and Siberia, it is through that developments on similar lines would be expected in northern Canada, where it is reported that herds of caribou, to the extent of some 30,000,000 animals, exist. Dr. Stefansson has always expressed the view that the musk-ox could be readily domesticated in northern Canada.

The witnesses before the commission are to include all those having a practical knowledge of the Arctic regions such as explorers, mining prospectors, traders and members of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police.

Red Cross In Peace Time.

Sir David Henderson is director-general of the League of Red Cross Societies, which has its headquarters at Geneva. Its work takes it into every country of the world. The general recently met the executive council of the Canadian Red Cross and explained the reason for retaining the Red Cross in peace time. The plan is to have a thoroughly efficient body organized so that it can be called upon for help in cases of an epidemic or a disaster.

Sir David acted as Director of Aeronautics in the War Office, 1913-1918. He holds a pilot's certificate. He was wounded while serving in the Soudan campaign and also in the South African War. He holds the French Legion of Honor, the Order of the Crown of Belgium, Grand Order of the Crown of Italy, Grand Cordon of the Sacred Treasure of Japan, and the Order of the White Eagle of Russia.

Increase In Crime.

A considerable increase in crime throughout the Dominion is shown by the blue book dealing with criminal statistics for the year 1918, just issued from the office of the Dominion Statician. According to the returns there were during the year 21,747 charges and 17,370 convictions for indictable offences in the several provinces, as compared with 19,559 charges and 15,559 convictions the year before, being an increase of 2,293, or nearly 12 per cent. for charges, and an increase of 1,811, or slightly over 11½ per cent. for convictions during the year. The percentage of acquittals ran from 12 per cent. in Prince Edward Island to over 27 per cent. in Nova Scotia.

60,000 Names on Walls of Church.

A church will be erected in Notre Dame de Grace, a suburb of Montreal, upon the walls of which will be inscribed the names of every man who died for Canada in the great war. The church will be used by the combined congregations of the Anglican Church of the Good Shepherd and Trinity Church. Sixty thousand Canadians were killed.

Agricultural Revival Needed in Great Britain To Strengthen Country

In a recent speech Lloyd George said that agriculture was the greatest industry in the land, but that it had received little encouragement. Since 1871 the number of people engaged in Great Britain in the cultivation of the soil had been reduced by 600,000 or 700,000 men, and but for the war this process might have continued. During the war, however, it had been discovered that this neglect of agriculture had brought the country close to disaster. If Germany had pursued the same policy Germany would have collapsed within a year. But in spite of the blockade and with a much poorer soil than England's she was able to hold out for four years.

Great Britain, he said, cannot again take the chances she took before the war. She came too near disaster. During the war the agricultural community made a special effort, increasing the productive area by 1¾ million acres. Before the war the grain imported was three-fifths of the whole. During the war three-fifths were home-grown and two-fifths imported. There must not, he said, be a return to pre-war conditions. There must be a settled policy in regard to agriculture. He thus referred to some of the advantages of home production.

"You have a market here at your own doors. It is computed by men who understand this business that you can raise in this country on food commodities 150 millions' worth which is now brought from abroad. If you can take away 150 millions of what we have to pay across the water the sovereign would look up. It is not a question merely of increasing exports. It is a question also of diminishing imports which are capable of being produced in this country without increasing the cost of living. I think you can do that."

All this sounds like protectionist argument, and some will be surprised that he does not follow it up by proposing protective duties on food. Against that, however, public opinion in Great Britain seems to be too strong. He proposes a guarantee of prices to the farmer, a guarantee to the tenant of security of tenure, and a guarantee from the farmer of maximum production. He refers also to scientific state aid and technical instruction. He would also take strong steps to lure the people back to the land.

"Men have been drawn to foreign lands by placards on the wall with attractive pictures of what is awaiting them when they cross the flood. We shall only keep the population on the land and bring others back there when England herself will be a better placard than any you can paste on her walls. Let us chase away the appalling dullness of the villages and bring back the old country life of England. Make the country more attractive, as it is much healthier for brain and soul and heart than the towns."

The success of this policy would mean that Great Britain would send fewer agricultural laborers abroad and import less grain from abroad. It would reduce the adverse balance of trade against Great Britain and make her to a larger extent a self-contained country. Of course large quantities of food would still have to be imported, for Great Britain is and must be a country primarily of urban industries, commerce, and shipping. But no doubt the drift away from the countryside has gone too far, and it is wise to check it.

BELFAST.

A City In Ireland That Has Always Prospered.

The man who approaches Belfast from the point of view of just another town will as surely be mistaken as the man who approaches Dublin from that standpoint. Dublin is Dublin, and Belfast is Belfast, and it is impossible to describe either in terms of history, or streets, or buildings, or by any of the ordinary accepted means. Thus Belfast, quite justly, prides itself on its City Hall, and claims, not without reason, that it is one of the most beautiful, if not the most beautiful, in the world. The real Belfast, however, is not to be seen in the great building which looks down the length of Royal avenue, but rather in a not very pretentious building in a not very pretentious street, a building known to every Orangeman the world over as the Ulster Hall.

In the Ulster Hall, on the occasion of a great Orange demonstration, decked with flags and "red hands of Ulster" and emblazoned with the Orange watchwords "Derry, Aughrim, and the Boyne," one sees the real Belfast, as one does, too, along the Shank Hill road any evening, especially any Sunday evening in July. The Irishman of Belfast takes himself very seriously. The Irishman of Dublin will, it is true, yield nothing to him in the matter of "dimonstration," but the Irishman of Dublin is always perilously near to laughing at himself when the curtain rings down, or even before it is rung down. "Sure, it's the tark—the grand tark there is to it, an' the life there be around, an' the boys up an' about an' behavin' outrageous." "Tark is it," retorts the man from Belfast. "Aye, tark and plenty, but it's the actin' and doin' that'll do anny wan thing. Sure, there wasn't much tark to it on Boyne Day."

And so at the hundreds of street corner meetings in July, working up to the "day of blessed memory," and stretching on beyond it, there is a terrible earnestness. There is earnestness in the man who beats the drum and heads the procession, and earnestness in the men, women and children who follow his lead. July drumming, indeed, is a religious ceremonial of that strange political flavor which is to be found perhaps only in Ulster. To relieve such stern exercises in a burst of laughter round the corner of some side street would be as impossible in Belfast as it would be inevitable in Dublin.

Then Belfast is nothing if not orderly. The Irishman of Belfast prides himself on his processions. He joys in concerted movement. Long before the days of the Ulster Volunteers he reveled in the "swing there is to ut." He rejoices in self-imposed discipline and, on the occasion of his demonstrations, "rules and regalations" are made to be obeyed. "There'll be no passin' across until the precission is over, an' that's the law av it." So says the Belfast policeman to the most urgent request. Says the Dublin "Metropolitan," with even more emphasis, "Not wan of yeh goes over till the last av them's turned the corner." Then, maybe, after an impatient pause there will come the inevitable relaxation, "But, sure, I haven't got eyes in the back of me head and I'll be takin' a walk to the east."

Finally there is another way to see the real Belfast. It is in the early morning when the tram cars from all points of the compass are coming in from the outlying districts into the city, crowded with men for the shipyards and linen mills. Never, surely, in any city in the world was there such reading of papers, such politics, such theological disputation. But then, after all, this is what has made Belfast Belfast—its earnestness and concentration.

Lord Lee Appointed.

Lord Lee of Fareham, who has succeeded Lord Ernle (better known as Mr. Prothero) as president of the British Board of Agriculture, spent most of his early life as a soldier.

Entering the army when twenty years old, he worked his way from the junior commissioned ranks to some of the best posts in the diplomatic service. He has in his time been professor of strategy and tactics at the Royal Military College, Canada; British military attache with the United States army in the Spanish-American War; military attache at Washington; colonel on the staff in the European War in 1914, after which he was appointed personal military secretary to the Secretary of State for War, at that time Mr. Lloyd George.

In 1917 and 1918 he served with success as Director-General of Food Production.

But perhaps his best claim to remembrance by "the man in the street" lies in the fact that in 1917, while Sir Arthur Lee, he presented to the nation his magnificent estate amid the Chiltern Hills. The property, which is known as Chequers, is one of the finest of its kind in England, and Lord Lee's object in bestowing it as a gift to the nation was to provide a suitable residence for the British Prime Ministers. In addition to the estate, the deed of gift includes the valuable and historic contents of the mansion.

Lord Lee is a "young" middle-aged man who, if he is not hampered too greatly by red tape traditions, will rapidly "make good" in his new and highly important position. He has always displayed a deep interest in agricultural matters, and is one of the most popular landlords in the Old Country.

He is chairman of the Inter-Departmental Committee on the Humane Slaughter of Animals.

Oak Lasts for Centuries.

Men employed in driving a new gallery in a gold mine at Charlotte Plains, in Victoria, Australia, have made an astonishing discovery. At a depth of 300 feet below ground they have come upon pieces of timber perfectly preserved, which have every appearance of having been sawn and shaped by the hand of man.

This timber lies in the bed of an ancient river now being worked for gold, and the timber is oak. Now, oak has the peculiar property of lasting for centuries when buried in water or wet sand. Oak piles have been taken out from under old wooden bridges constructed by the Romans, and found as sound as when they were put there, nearly 2,000 years ago.

Oak, known as bog oak, is found buried in Irish peat bogs, and is perfectly black, intensely hard, and very valuable. At present there is an absolute famine in seasoned oak wood, but if we could suppress Bolshevism and open up Russia to trade, that famine would soon be ended. Just before the war it was discovered that the bed of the River Moksha, for a length of over 400 miles, is simply full of magnificent old oak trees bedded in sand.

The river is shallow and broad, and the oak can easily be raised. As a matter of fact, a company was being formed to work these wonderful deposits when war intervened.

Smaller deposits are found in England. There is a pool in the River Dart, known from time immemorial as Oak Pool, in the bottom of which are masses of fine old oak. The strange thing is that there are no oak trees near the spot at present.—Tit-Bits.

That Did It!

The only fault in the art of a certain actress was her habit of coming to the footlights and addressing her lines to the audience instead of to the other performers.

One evening a young man who had been feasting with some boon companions, not wisely but two well, came in during one of her big scenes.

He was about to seat himself in the front row of the stalls when the actress came forward, and, with marked emphasis, said to the audience, instead of to the villain who was trying to make love to her:

"I can never love you!"

The youth lurched to his feet, remarked in an audible voice, "well, that's done it!" and marched to the exit.

Busy India.

Testifying recently before a parliamentary committee, Sir Stanley Reed, editor of the Times of India, said that India used to be poor and congested and suffered from unemployment and famine. Now there was a shortage of labor in every industry, including even agriculture. There had been a phenomenal rise in the financial capacity of India, very large sums being raised without disturbing financial stability. There had been an enormous awakening of public spirit, demanding a higher standard of living and better social surroundings. Political activity had developed in an extraordinary degree, and the people were demanding to take their share in the government of their country.

Fresh B. C. salmon, Lake Superior white fish, Pacific flat fish, smelts ; also finnan haddies, fillets of haddies, and herring.—**FRANK H. PERRY.**

—o—

WALLACE'S

—o—

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

North of Fifty-Three

By
Bertrand W. Sinclair

"They surely earned it. You know what the North is in the dead of winter. They bucked their way through a hell of frost and snow and staked the claims. If ever men were entitled to what was due them, they were. And not one of them stuttered over his bargain, even though they were taking out weekly as much gold as they were to get for their full share. They'd given their word, and they were white men. They took me for a white man also. They took my word that they would get what was coming to them, and gave me in the company's name clear title to every claim. I put those titles on record in Hazelton, and came home.

"Lorimer and Brooks deliberately proposed to withhold that stock, to defraud these men, to steal—oh, I can't find words strong enough. Brooks said to me, with a grin: 'The property's in the company's name—let the roughnecks sweat a while. They've got no come-back, anyway.'

"That was when I smashed him. Do you blame me? I'd taken over those fellows' claims in good faith. Could I go back there and face those men and say: 'Boys, the company's got your claims, and they won't pay for them.' Do you think for a minute I'd let a bunch of lily-fingered crooks put anything like that over on simple, square-dealing fellows who were too honest to protect their own interests from sharp practice? A quartette of soft-bodied mongrels who sat in upholstered office chairs while these others wallowed through six feet of snow for three weeks, living on bacon and beans, to grab a pot of gold for them! It makes my fist double up when I think about it.

"That Was When I Smashed Him."

"And I wouldn't be put off or placated by a chance to fatten my own bank roll. I didn't care if I broke the Free Gold Mining company and myself likewise. A dollar doesn't terrify nor yet fascinate me—I hope it never will. And while, perhaps, it was not what they would call good form for me to lose my temper and go at them with my fists, I was fighting mad when I thoroughly sensed their dirty project. Anyway, it helped bring them to time. When you take a man of that type and cuff him around with your two hands he's apt to listen serious to what you say. And they listened when I told them in dead earnest next day that Whitey Lewis and his partners must have what was due them, or I'd wreck the bunch of them if it took ten years and every dollar I had to do it. And I could have put them on the tramp, too—they'd already dipped their fingers in where they couldn't stand litigation. I'm sure of that—or they would never have come through; which they did.

"But I'm sorry I ever got mixed up with them. I'm going to sell my stock and advise Lewis and the others to do the same while we can get full value for it. Lorimer and that bunch will manipulate the outfit to death, no matter how the mine produces.

"That's all of that. I don't care two whoops about the money. There is still gold in the Klappan Range and other corners of the North, whenever I need it. But it nauseated me. I can't stand that cut-throat game. And Granville, like most other cities of its kind, lives by and for that sort of thing. The pressure of modern life makes it inevitable. Anyway, a town is no place for me. I can stomach it about so long, and no longer. It's too cramped, too girded about with petty-larceny conventions. If once you slip and get down, every one walks on you. Everything's restricted, priced, tinkered with. There is no real freedom of body or spirit. I wouldn't trade a comfy log cabin in the woods with a big fireplace and a shelf of books for the finest home on Maple drive—not if I had to stay there and stifle in the dust and smoke and smells. That would be a sordid and impoverished existence. I cannot live by the dog-eat-dog code that seems to prevail wherever folk get jammed together in an unwieldy social mass. I have said the like to you before.

"By nature and training I'm unfitted to live in these crowded places. I love you, little person, I don't think you realize how much, but I can't make you happy by making myself utterly miserable. That would only produce the inevitable reaction. But I still think you are essentially enough like me to meet me on common ground. You loved me and you found contentment and joy at our little cabin once. Don't you think it might be waiting there again?

"If you really care, if I and the old North still mean anything to you, a few days or weeks, or even months of separation won't matter. An affection that can't survive six months is too fragile to go through life on. I don't ask you to jump the next train and follow me. I don't ask you to wire me, 'Come back, Bill.' Though I would come quick enough if you called me. I merely want you to think it over soberly and let your heart decide. You know where I stand, don't you, Hazel, dear? I haven't changed—not a bit—I'm the same old Bill. But I'd rather hit the trail alone than with an unwilling partner. Don't flounder about in any quicksand of duty. There is no 'I ought to' between us.

"So it is up to you once more, little person. If my way is not your way I will abide by your decision without whining. And whenever you want to reach me, a message to Felix Courvoiseur, Fort George, will eventually find me. I'll fix it that way.

"So long, little person. I like you a heap, for all your cantankerous ways.

"BILL."

She laid aside the letter, with a lump in her throat. For a brief instant she was minded to telegraph the word that would bring him hurrying back. But—some of the truths he had set down in cold black and white cut her deep. Of a surety she had drawn her weapon on the wrong side in the mining trouble. Overhasty?—yes. And shamefully disloyal. Perhaps there was something in it, after all; that is to say, it might be they had made a mistake. She saw plainly enough that unless she could get back some of the old enthusiasm for that wilderness life, unless the fascination of magnificent distances, of silent, breathless forests, of contented, quiet days on trail and stream, could lay fast hold of her again, they would only defer the day of reckoning, as Bill had said.

No, she would not attempt to call him back. She doubted if he would come. And she would not go—not yet. She must have time to think.

Altogether, as the first impression of Bill's letter grew less vivid to her she considered her grievances more. And she was minded to act as she had set out to do—to live her life as seemed best to her, rather than pocket her pride and rejoin Bill. The feminine instinct to compel the man to capitulate asserted itself more and more strongly.

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A month passed.

During that thirty-day period she received a brief note from Bill. Just a few lines to say:

"Hit the ranch yesterday, little person. Looks good to me. Went fishing last night about sundown. Trout were rising fine. Nailed a ten-pounder. Woke up this morning at daylight and found a buck deer with two lady friends standing in the middle of the clearing. I loafed a few days in Fort George, sort of thinking I might hear from you. Am sending this out by Jake. Will start for the Klappan about day after tomorrow."

She had not answered his first letter. She had tried to. But somehow, when she tried to set pen to paper the right words would not come. She lacked his facility of expression. There was so much she wanted to say, so little she seemed able to say. As the days passed she felt less sure of her ground, less sure that she had not sacrificed something precious to a vagary of self, an obsession of her own ego.

And slowly but surely she began to view all the activities of her circle with a critical eye. Certain of her friends had become tentative enemies. Kitty Brooks and the Bray womenfolk, who were a numerous and influential tribe, not only turned silent faces when they met, but they made war on her in the peculiar fashion of women. A word here, a suggestive phrase there, a shrug of the shoulders. It all bore fruit. Other friends conveyed the avid gossip. Hazel smiled and ignored it. But in her own rooms she raged unavailingly.

Her husband had left her. There was a man in the case. They had lost everything. The first count was sufficiently maddening because it was a half truth. And any of it was irritating—even if few believed—since it made a choice morsel to digest in gossipy corners, and brought sundry curious stares on Hazel at certain times. Also Mr. Wagstaff had caused the stockholders of Free Gold a heavy loss—which was only offset by the fact that the Free Gold properties were producing richly. None of this was even openly flung at her. She gathered it piecemeal. And it galled her. She could not openly defend either Bill or herself against the shadowy scandalmongers.

Slowly it dawned upon her, with a bitterness born of her former experience with Granville, that she had lost something of the standing that certain circles had accorded her as the wife of a successful mining man. It made her ponder. Was Bill so far wrong, after all, in his estimate of them? It was a disheartening conclusion. She had come of a family that stood well in Granville; she had grown up there; if lifetime friends blew hot and cold like that, was the game worth playing?

In so far as she could she gave the lie to some of the petty gossip. Whereas at first she had looked dubiously on spending Bill's money to maintain the standard of living they had set up, she now welcomed that deposit of five thousand dollars as a means to demonstrate that even in his absence he stood behind her financially—which she began to perceive counted more than anything else. So long as she could dress in the best, while she could ride where others walked, so long as she betrayed no limitation of resources, the doors stood wide. Not what you are, but what you've got—she remembered Bill saying that was their holiest creed.

It repelled her. And sometimes she was tempted to sit down and pour it all out in a letter to him. But she could not quite bring herself to the point. Always behind Bill loomed the vast and dreary Northland, and she shrank from that.

On top of this, she began to suffer a queer upset of her physical condition. All her life she had been splendidly healthy; her body a perfect-working machine, afflicted with no weaknesses. Now odd spasmodic pains recurred without rhyme or reason in her head, her back, her limbs, striking her with sudden poignancy, disappearing as suddenly.

She was stretched on the lounge one afternoon wrestling nervously with a particularly acute attack, when Vesta Lorimer was ushered in.

"You're almost a stranger," Hazel remarked, after the first greetings.

"You're Almost a Stranger," Hazel Remarked, After the First Greetings.

"Your outing must have been pleasant, to hold you so long."

"It would have held me longer," Vest returned, "if I didn't have to be in touch with my market. I could live quite happily on my island eight months in the year. But one can't get people to come several hundred miles to a sitting. And I feel inclined to acquire a living income while my vogue lasts."

"You're rather a wilderness lover, aren't you?" Hazel commented. "I don't think you'd love it as dearly if you were buried alive in it."

"That would all depend on the circumstances," Vesta replied. "One escapes many disheartening things in a country that is still comparatively primitive. The continual grind of keeping one's end up in town gets terribly wearisome. I'm always glad to go to the woods, and sorry when I have to leave. But I suppose it's largely in one's point of view."

They chatted of sundry matters for a few minutes.

"By the way, is there any truth in the statement that this Free Gold row has created trouble between you and your husband?" Vesta asked abruptly. "I dare say it's quite an impertinent question, and you'd be well within your rights to tell me it's none of my business. But I should like to confound some of these petty tattlers. I haven't been home forty-eight hours; yet I've heard tongues wagging. I hoope there's nothing in it. I warned Mr. Wagstaff against Paul."

"Warned him? Why?" Hazel neglected the question entirely. The bluntness of it took her by surprise. Frank speech was not a characteristic of Vesta Lorimer's set.

The girl shrugged her shoulders.

"He is my brother, but that doesn't veil my eyes," she said coolly. "Paul is too crooked to lie straight in bed. I'm glad Mr. Wagstaff brought the lot of them up with a round turn—which he seems to have done. If he had used a club instead of his fists it would have been only their deserts. I suppose the fuss quite upset you?"

"It did," Hazel admitted grudgingly. "It did more than upset me."

"I thought as much," Vesta said slowly. "It made you inflict an undeserved hurt on a man who should have had better treatment at your hands; not only because he loves you, but because he is one of the few men who deserve the best that you or any woman can give."

"You've said quite enough," Hazel cried. "If you have any more insults, please get rid of them elsewhere. I think you are—"

"Oh, I don't care what you think of me," the girl interrupted recklessly. "If I did I wouldn't be here. I'd hide behind the conventional rules of the game and let you blunder along. But I can't. I'm not gifted with your blind egotism. Whatever you are, that Bill of yours loves you, and if you care anything for him, you should be with him. I would, if I were lucky enough to stand in your shoes. I'd go with him down into hell itself gladly if he wanted me to!"

"Oh!" Hazel gasped. "Are you clean mad?"

"Shocked to death, aren't you?" Vesta fleered. "You can't understand, can you? I love him—yes. I'm not ashamed to own it. I'm no sentimental prude to throw up my hands in horror at a perfectly natural emotion. But he is not for me. I dare say I couldn't give him an added heartbeat if I tried. And I have a little too much pride—strange as it may seem to you—to try, so long as he is chained hand and foot to your chariot. But you're making him suffer. And I care enough to want him to live all his days happily. He is a man, and there are so few of them, real men. If you can make him happy, I'd compel you to do so, if I had the power. You couldn't understand that kind of a love. Oh, I could choke you for your stupid disloyalty. I could do almost anything that would spur you to action. I can't rid myself of the hopeless, reckless mood he is in. There are so few of his kind, the patient, strong, loyal, square-dealing men, with a woman's tenderness and a lion's courage. Any woman should be proud and glad to be his mate, to mother his children. And you—"

She threw out her hands with a sudden, despairing gesture. The blue eyes grew misty, and she hid her face in her palms. Before that passionate outburst Hazel sat dumbly amazed staring, uncertain. In a second Vesta lifted her head defiantly.

"I had no notion of breaking out like this when I came up," she said quietly. "I was going to be very adroit. I intended to give you a friendly boost along the right road, if I could. But it has all been bubbling inside me for a long time. You perhaps think it very unwomanly—but I don't care much what you think. My little heartache is incidental, one of the things life deals us whether we will or not. But if you care in the least for your husband, for God's sake make some effort, some sacrifice of your own petty little desires, to make his road a little pleasanter, a little less gray than it must be now. You'll be well repaid—if you are the kind that must always be paid in full. Don't be a stiff-necked idiot. That's all I wanted to say. Goodby!"

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Anyone who would care to write me as regards 'Fruit-a-tives' I would be glad to tell them what 'Fruit-a-tives' did for me."

JOHN E. GUILDERSON,
Contractor and Mason.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

She was at the door when she finished. The click of the closing catch stirred Hazel to speech and action.

"Vesta, Vesta!" she cried, and ran out into the corridor.

But Vesta Lorimer neither heeded nor halted. And Hazel went back to her room, quivering. Sometimes the truth is bitter and stirs to wrath. And mingled with other emotions was a dull pang of jealousy—the first she had ever known. For Vesta Lorimer was beautiful beyond most women; and she had but given ample evidence of the bigness of her soul. With shamed tears creeping to her eyes, Hazel wondered if she could love even Bill so intensely that she would drive another woman to his arms that he might win happiness.

But one thing stood out clear above that painful meeting. She was done fighting against the blankness that seemed to surround her since Bill went away. Slowly but steadily it had been forced upon her that much which she deemed desirable, even necessary, was of little weight in the balance with him. Day and night she longed for him, for his cheery voice, the whimsical good humor of him, his kiss and his smile. Indubitably Vesta Lorimer was right to term her a stiff-necked, selfish fool. But if all folk were saturated with the essence of wisdom—well, there was but one thing to be done. Silly pride had to go by the board. If to face gayly a land she dreaded were the price of easing his heartache—and her own—the price she would pay, and pay with a grace but lately learned.

She lay down on the lounge again. The old pains were back. And as she endured, a sudden startling thought flashed across her mind. A possibility?—yes. She hurried to dress, wondering why it had not before occurred to her, and, phoning up a taxi, rolled downtown to the office of Doctor Hart. An hour or so later she returned. A picture of her man stood on the mantel. She took it down and stared at it with a tremulous smile.

"Oh, Billy-boy, Billy-boy, I wish you knew," she whispered. "But I was coming, anyway, Bill!"

That evening, stirring about her preparations for the journey, she paused, and wondered why, for the first time since Bill left, she felt so utterly at peace.

CHAPTER XVIII.

Home Again.

Twelve months works many a change on a changing frontier. Hazel found this so. When she came to plan her route she found the G. T. P. bridging the last gap in a transcontinental system, its trains westbound already within striking distance of Fort George. She could board a sleeping car at Granville and detrain within a hundred miles of the ancient trading post—with a fast river boat to carry her the remaining distance.

Fort George loomed up a jumbled area of houses and tents, log buildings, frame structures yellow in their newness, strangers to paint as yet. On every hand others stood in varying stages of erection. Folks hurried about the sturdy beginning of a future greatness. And as she left the boat and followed a new-laid walk of planks toward a hotel, Jake Lauer stepped out of a store, squarely into her path.

His round face lit up with a smile of recognition. And Hazel, fresh from the long and lonesome journey, was equally glad to set eyes on a familiar, a genuinely friendly face.

His Round Face Lit Up With a Smile of Recognition.

"I am pleased to welcome you back to Gott's country, Mrs. Vagstaff," he said. "Und let me carry dot suid case alretty."

They walked two blocks to the King's hotel, where Lauer's family was housed. He was in for supplies, he told her, and, of course, his wife and children accompanied him.

"Not dat Gredda iss afraid. She iss so goot a man as I on der ranch ven I am gone," he explained. "But for dem it iss a change. Und I bring by der town a vaigonloat off bobadoes. By cosh, dem bobadoes iss sell high."

It flashed into Hazel's mind that here was a heaven-sent opportunity to reach the cabin without facing that hundred miles in the company of chance-hired strangers. But she did not broach the subject at once. Instead she asked eagerly of Bill. Lauer told her that Bill had tarried a few days at the cabin, and then struck out alone for the mines. And he had not said when he would be back.

Mrs. Lauer, unchanged from a year earlier, welcomed her with pleased friendliness. And Jake left the two of them and the chubby kiddies in the King's office while he betook himself about his business. Hazel haled his wife and the children to her room as soon as one was assigned to her. And there, almost before she knew it, she was murmuring brokenly her story into an ear that listened with sympathy and understanding. Only a woman can grasp some of a woman's needs. Gretta Lauer patted Hazel's shoulder with a motherly hand, and bade her cheer up.

"Home's the place for you, dear," she said, smilingly. "You just come right along with us. Your man will come quick enough when he gets word. And we'll take good care of you in the meantime. La, I'm all excited over it. It's the finest thing could happen for you both. Take it from me, dearie, I know. We've had our troubles, Jake and I. And, seeing I'm only six months short of being a graduate nurse, you needn't fear. Well, well!"

"I'll need to have food hauled in," Hazel reflected. "And some things I brought with me. I wish Bill were here. I'm afraid I'll be a lot of bother. Won't you be heavily loaded, as it is?"

She recalled swiftly the odd, make-shift team that Lauer depended on—the mule, lop-eared and solemn, "und Gretchen, der cow." She had cash and drafts for over three thousand dollars on her person. She wondered if it would offend the sturdy independence of these simple, kindly neighbors, if she offered to supply a four-horse team and wagon for their mutual use? But she had been forestalled there, she learned in the next breath.

"Oh, bother nothing," Mrs. Lauer declared. "Why, we'd be ashamed if we couldn't help a little. And far's the load goes, you ought to see the four beautiful horses your husband let Jake have. You don't know how much Jake appreciates it, nor what a fine man he thinks your husband it. We needed horses so bad, and didn't have the money to buy. So Mr. Wagstaff didn't say a thing but got the team for us, and Jake's paying for them in clearing and plowing and making improvements on your land. Honest, they could pull twice the load we'll have. There's a good wagon road most of the way now. Quite a lot of settlers, too, as much as fifty or sixty miles out. And we've got the finest garden you ever saw. Vegetables enough to feed four families all winter. Oh, your old cities! I never want to live in one again. Never a day have the kiddies been sick. Suppose it is a bit out of the world? You're all the more pleased when somebody does happen along. Folks is so different in a new country like this. There's plenty for everybody—and everybody helps, like neighbors ought to."

Lauer came up after a time, and Hazel found herself unequivocally in their hands. With the matter of transporting herself and supplies thus solved, she set out to find Felix Courvoiseur—who would know how to get word to Bill. He might come back to the cabin in a month or so; he might not come back at all unless he heard from her. She was smitten with a great fear that he might give her up as lost to him, and plunge deeper into the wilderness in some mood of recklessness. And she wanted him, longed for him, if only so that she could make amends.

She easily found Courvoiseur, a tall spare Frenchman, past middle age. Yes, he could deliver a message to Bill Wagstaff; that is, he could send a man. Bill Wagstaff was in the Klappan range.

"But if he should have left there?" Hazel suggested uneasily.

"'E weel leave weeth W'itey Lewees word of w'ere 'e go," Courvoiseur reassured her. "An' my man, w'ich ees my bruzzer-law, w'ich I can mos' fully trus', 'e weel follow 'eem. So Beel'e ees arrange. 'E ees say mos' parteecular if madame ees come or weesh for forward message, geet heem to me queeck. Oui. Long tam Beel ees know me. I am for depend always."

Courvoiseur kept a trader's stock of goods in a weather-beaten old log house which sprawled a hundred feet back from the street. Thirty years, he told her, he had kept that store in Fort George. She guessed that Bill had selected him because he was a fixture.

To be Continued

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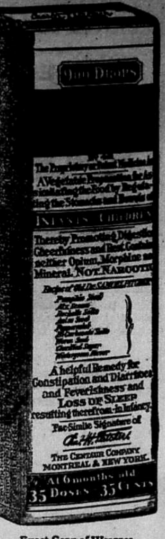
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Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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FIGHTING LEAF CURL

PEACH TREES SHOULD BE SPRAYED IN FALL.

Better Weather Conditions Exist In the Autumn Than In the Spring—A New Method Had Been Advised, With Which Growers Might at Least Try an Experiment.

In view of the great amount of loss due to peach leaf curl in the past season, growers in the affected districts should be open to accept any suggestion that might lead to a reduction of this trouble in the coming season, therefore the experiments conducted by the management of the Cornell Experiment Station last year are worth considering, even though the results were satisfactory only to a certain extent, and the station investigators suggest that orchardists try the new method on a part of their orchards only and check results with those obtained by the old method.

The method almost universally in use as a means of preventing peach leaf curl is that of spraying the trees while in the dormant condition. A number of sprays so applied will give almost perfect control, and the one commonly used is boiled lime-sulphur, as it is also effective in controlling the San Jose scale. The usual custom is to apply just before the leaves start in the spring. It does not always happen, however, that the spraying can be done just as planned in the spring, because the soil is often so soft because of the water in it that it is altogether out of the question to go into an orchard with a heavy spraying outfit. It often comes about, therefore, that peach leaf curl is allowed to get a season's footing in a well-managed orchard because weather conditions prevented action at the time for which action was planned. Spraying after growth is well started is not efficacious for preventing the disease; it must be done before the buds start.

The plan of the Cornell Station experiments involved spraying some plots in the fall, some in the spring, some both fall and spring, and leaving some unsprayed. One of these experiments was carried out on the college farm and some others were carried out on the farms of orchardists over the state, who co-operated with the station. Owing to some reason, the disease developed erratically on the unsprayed trees on the station farm, so that the results of the experiment there were inconclusive. On other farms, however, results were obtained which indicated clearly that fall spraying, for in many cases the unsprayed trees were badly affected, while the fall sprayed and spring sprayed trees were equally free from infection.

As a result of their work the investigators are satisfied that spraying for the control of peach leaf curl can be satisfactorily accomplished and will produce good results if the work is done at any time, if suitable weather between the time the trees are ready for winter and the time when the leaf buds are ready to burst. Spraying at any time during this period is also effective against the San Jose scale.

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HOW YOU CAN TELL GENUINE ASPIRIN

Only Tablets with "Bayer Cross" are Aspirin—No others!

BAYER

There is only one Aspirin, that marked with the "Bayer Cross"—all other tablets are only acid imitations.

Genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" have been prescribed by physicians for nineteen years and proved safe by millions for Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets—also larger "Bayer" packages, can be had at any drug store. Made in Canada.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company, Ltd., will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

BUY YOUR SEED RIGHT

Be Sure the Clover and Grass Seed Is Pure.

Why Every Farmer Should Have Spray Calendar—How to Get It and Use It—Only Spraying Done at Right Time Is Effective.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

SUCCESS or failure depends to a large extent upon the quality of the seed sown. No man can afford to use low-grade clover or grass seed. The risk of seeding down the farm with noxious weed seeds is too great. High-grade clover and grass seed is freer from weed seeds and produces more healthy, vigorous plants per pound than does low-grade seed. Impure seed is dear at any price. Pure seed is the purchaser's right and he should insist on having it.

In the purchase of clover and grass seed the following qualities should be looked for:—

1. Freedom from weed seeds, especially those weed seeds covered by the Seed Control Act. The weed seeds can be properly seen only by spreading out the sample of clover or grass seed on a clean white sheet of paper and looking carefully over it with the aid of a tripod magnifier or hand lens. No farmer should be without a lens of some kind. Everyone who has to purchase seed should endeavor to become familiar with the common weed seeds and know the standards of purity required by the Seed Control Act for the various grades of clover and grass seed.

2. Freedom from dirt, grit, broken straw and other inert matter. A great many samples of clover and grass seed contain far too large a percentage of such inert matter. Those buying such seed are paying a high price per pound for dirt.

3. Good size and color. A good sample of seed of any kind should be large, plump, bright and have the characteristic color well developed. Plumpness, brightness and good color are usually indicative of high germinative capacity.

4. High germinative capacity. Good clover or grass seed of any kind should have a high germinative capacity. This cannot be accurately judged by an examination of the seed and can be ascertained only by a germination test. Purchasers of seed can have such tests made for them by sending their seed to the office of the Seed Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Farmers are reminded that the Department of Botany of the Ontario Agricultural College is at their service at all times for the testing of seed as to purity. In submitting samples for purity test send at least one pound of the coarser grains, one ounce of alfalfa or red clover, and half an ounce of alsike or timothy. A full report on samples will be furnished. Samples of seed should be carefully packed and addressed with postage prepaid to the Botanical Department, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

Every Farmer Should Have Spray Calendar.

Before giving the reasons why every farmer should have a spray calendar let us state what a spray calendar is. It is the gathering together into a small space—usually just one sheet or page—of all the necessary knowledge for the control of the various insects and diseases that attack our fruit trees and bush fruits; so that instead of having to search half a dozen bulletins the farmer can obtain the required information almost at a glance. A spray calendar is therefore a handy reference sheet on the control of insect pests and plant diseases.

Every farmer should have a spray calendar for the following reasons:—

1. Because it will save him time in finding the necessary information on the control of insects and plant diseases.

2. Because the information given in the spray calendar is more reliable than he can obtain from his neighbors or any other source. It is the best information that can be obtained anywhere.

3. Because the spray calendar will prevent costly mistakes due to slips of memory.

4. Because the spray calendar states definitely when to treat the different pests. A week too early or a week too late would in the case of some of our worst insects and diseases mean utter failure. There is a good reason for each date of treatment given in the calendar. It is not guesswork.

5. Because the spray calendar states definitely the mixture or mixtures to use in each case and gives the proper strength. Too strong a mixture would mean loss of money and sometimes burning of the foliage or fruit; too weak a mixture failure to control the pest.

6. Because several spray mixtures, e.g., Bordeaux mixture, can be made at home. The spray calendar tells how to make these.

7. Because by following the directions given in the spray calendar, almost perfectly clean fruit and much more of it can be obtained.

Always ask for the latest spray calendar, since they are revised from time to time, and new and better methods added in place of the old as soon as they have been sufficiently tested.

How can spray calendars be obtained? Send a postcard to the Department of Agriculture, with a request for one. Write your name and address clearly.—L. Caeser, B.S.A., O. A. College, Guelph.

OVERHAULING FARM TRACTOR.

Hints on Removing Carbon and on General Overhauling.

In order to get the maximum amount of work out of your tractor and to have it run every day without trouble or break-down, it is absolutely necessary to keep the engine properly adjusted and clean. It is not sufficient to just scrape out carbon when it gets so bad that the engine will hardly run, or occasionally drain out the dirty oil and "fill her up again."

Immediately the well-known carbon knock is noticeable in your engine, then at the first possible opportunity, give the machine a thorough overhauling. If you make proper preparations, you can cut the time of removing carbon to possibly half what is usually taken. The best method will vary with different tractors, but in general, it will be along the following lines:

First, get a socket wrench that will fit the cylinder head bolts at one end, and a common brace at the other. Next, get a screw-driver bit to also fit the brace, and a putty knife, also an old pocket-knife. Take some discarded cylinder head bolts and saw short pieces off the threaded end, about one-half inch long. With a hack saw, cut a screw-driver slot in one end and smooth up the other with a file. Make enough of these short plugs to have as many as there are cylinder bolts. Get an oil can full of kerosene and everything is ready to make a quick carbon clean.

Remove all cylinder head bolts with the brace and socket wrench. Take off the head castings and remove gasket. Now take the can of kerosene and squirt all over the carbon, on pistons, head, and cover. Next take the screw-driver bit and screw the short pieces of bolt into the bolt holes to prevent pieces of carbon from getting into them. Stuff waste into the holes where the water circulates and everything is ready to clean up.

With the putty knife, scrape the carbon off the pistons, valves, cover and everywhere there is any. It will be found easy to remove because the kerosene oil softens it. Places that cannot be easily reached with the putty knife, can be reached with the old pocket knife, and be careful to scrape so as to burnish the surface as much as possible. Avoid scratching or roughing anywhere because carbon will not deposit as readily on a bright, burnished surface, as it will on a rough one. As soon as the carbon is all removed dust the pieces off with a cloth and then wipe the surfaces with a piece of waste moistened with kerosene oil. Examine the valve seats to see that they are wearing smooth and do not need regrinding; if found all right, remove the waste, and with the screw-driver brace take out the short bolt plugs; put the gasket in position and put on head casting. Before putting in the cylinder head bolts, it is advisable to put a few drops of cylinder oil and graphite on the threads and about one drop under the head. This will enable you to screw them up rapidly with the socket wrench and will also cause the gasket to actually be pulled down tighter because of the reduction in friction. Put in a set of clean plugs, if needed, connect up the magneto and everything is ready to go.

Remember that removing carbon does not constitute your full duty to the engine. The valves should be taken out, cleaned and ground about once a month if you use the tractor steadily. Keep the connecting rod and main bearings snug to avoid crystalizing and breaking the crank shaft. See that the engine has plenty of clean oil and, if the splash system of lubrication is used, take out the dirty oil and replenish with clean as frequently as the tractor manufacturer advises. The dirty oil need not be thrown away for it can be filtered through filter paper or blotting paper and used on other parts of the tractor machinery. If the tractor is run on gasoline, some farmers will use this filtered oil over again for the engine in the ratio of two parts fresh oil to one part of filtered oil. On a kerosene-burning tractor, however, it is better not to attempt to use the oil over in the engine because it generally gets diluted with kerosene that leaks past the piston rings, and cuts the oil, greatly reducing its lubricating properties.

Live Stock Notes.

The carcass of an animal that has died suddenly without showing any previous illness should not in any case be either opened or skinned. Death under such circumstances may have resulted from anthrax, and the right procedure is to call a veterinary surgeon or to bury the carcass intact, after taking a blood smear by cutting into one of the superficial veins of the ear, which only permits of the escape of a drop or two of blood, care being taken to disinfect the knife and all material in contact. The blood smear, made preferably on a glass slide, should be forwarded to a veterinarian for examination and report.

Hard, dry hair, lacking oil and silkiness is always associated with a hard-tight-fitting hide. Both are a proof that the animal is low in vitality and health, and consequently incapable of making prompt and rapid gains even on the best of food.

Cattle raisers who have acquired good Herefords recently have discovered that excessively heavy forequarters, peaked hind ends and cat hams are no longer present in animals of the breed.

A number of varieties of beans are in cultivation, but to meet the present demand the Small White Pea bean is particularly suitable. Care should be exercised in securing well matured seed of strong vitality as many of the beans grown last year are unsuitable for planting.

From Cherry-Blossom Land

The Japanese Give Good Example

It is a proverb of Cherry Blossom Land that beauty of face and figure depend on womanly health. What is it that makes our Canadian women often pale, sallow-faced, with dark circles under the eyes, and very often old at forty-five when they should be in their prime? Women suffer in girlhood from backache, spine-ache and headaches, followed by irregularities and as a result diseases of the womanly organs are more common than any one but a physician in active practice could suppose.

ONTARIO WOMEN TESTIFY

Chatham, Ont.:—"Dr. Pierce's medicines have been used in my family at home (especially by my father and mother) ever since I can remember. They always proved very satisfactory. Through overwork I at one time became all run-down in health, was on the verge of a complete nervous break-down. I went on ailing for about two years, during which time I suffered terribly. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it soon built me up in good health and cured me of the nervous condition. I consider it an excellent medicine for the ailments of women."—MRS. CHAS. TITUS, Jr., 28 Duke St.

To Control Baldwin Spot.

Baldwin spot, also known as "bitterpit" and "stippen," first appears as slightly sunken spots scattered over the surface of the apple, although the disease begins in the tissues beneath, before it can be detected on the surface. As an almost invariable rule the spots are more common on the blossom end. While there is considerable variation in size, many being much smaller, well-developed spots vary from one-eighth to one-fourth inch in diameter, roughly circular in shape and forming somewhat hemispherical pits. On the Baldwin and other red varieties, the skin covering the spot first is darker red and after the pitting becomes pronounced turns brown. The flesh a short distance beneath each spot will be found to be brown in color and somewhat dry and spongy. In severe attacks the spongy tissues may also occur as streaks through the flesh of the fruit. Severely attacked apples may have a bitter taste. Hence the name "bitterpit."

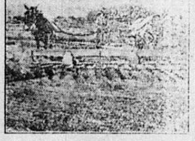
The disease is usually worse in the low, undrained portions of an orchard. It is also said to be more likely to occur in a light crop, poorly distributed on the tree. This is in line with the fact that it is of more frequent occurrence on large, overgrown apples.

Pathologists and horiticulturists have devoted much time and study in an endeavor to find the cause and cure of Baldwin spot. The most recent work, which has met with quite general acceptance among pathologists, indicates that variations and fluctuations in the water supply within the fruit itself is the fundamental cause of the trouble.

Some of the recommendations regarding practices which tend to reduce the amount of Baldwin spot are as follows: Avoid heavy pruning and in other ways strive at the production of a regular crop of evenly distributed fruit. On susceptible varieties retain lateral branches so as to stimulate production of fruit on the laterals, rather than on the main branches. The water supply in the orchard should be maintained as uniform and constant as possible, by tillage, plowing under cover crops, and by tile drainage where necessary. Spraying to keep the trees in as healthy condition as possible should also be practiced, not because it has any influence on Baldwin spot directly, but in order to prevent a disturbance of the normal functions of the leaves through fungus and insect attacks. — Maine Experiment Station.

Increase Hay 25 Per Cent.

A 25 per cent. increase in the production of hay, in order to maintain and if possible to increase the supply of live stock, is recommended by the Department of Agriculture. The production of hay in Canada in 1918 was much below that of 1916. This falling off was due to unfavorable seasons and to ploughing up meadow lands for other crops.



Harvesting Hay Crop With a Push Rake.

Selling Eggs by Weight.

Although it seems only right that eggs should be sold by weight and it also seems simple and practicable, still there are difficulties to overcome. The first of all is prejudice. Producers, dealers, and consumers are very conservative in changing the old for the new. Also there would be the second difficulty of establishing some basis which would control the loss in weight due to evaporation during shipment. This is a big factor. As far as the producer is concerned, it would be cheaper to produce large eggs. Large eggs weigh heavier, command a higher price, and for a given weight of eggs at so much per pound fewer hens would be required on the farms than where small eggs are produced.

Selling eggs by weight would encourage breeders to produce large eggs as it would give the hen laying a large egg a decided advantage over the hen laying a small egg.

Shiloh 25¢
he family remedy for Coughs and Colds. mall dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

INCREASE POTATO CROP

How to Check Serious Diseases in Ontario.

Leaf Roll and Mosaic Are Firmly Established and Reduce Yields One-third — How to Detect Diseases and Only Way to Control Them.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE two most serious seed-borne potato diseases in Ontario are Leaf Roll and Mosaic. Other seed-borne potato diseases common in the Province are Black Leg, Rhizoctonia, Blight, Wilt and Scab. Leaf Roll and Mosaic cause a very marked reduction in the yield, and the fact that these two diseases are so prevalent in Southern Ontario accounts for the poor crop of potatoes that has been obtained in many parts of the Province for the past four years.

Leaf Roll.—The cause of this disease is unknown. Data gathered by the pathologists of the United States and Canada shows that Leaf Roll may reduce the yield to about one-third of the normal crop.

Symptoms.—Symptoms of Leaf Roll are very variable. Affected plants are always more or less dwarfed and in some varieties the leaves assume a characteristic upright, almost staring habit, instead of drooping over in the normal way. Rolling of the lower leaves is always associated with the disease. The rolled leaves on plants affected with this disease begin to die early. The harsh, leathery texture of such leaves is a constant symptom. The tubers of affected plants are small and are borne generally on very short tuber-branches (stolons) or even attached in a cluster to the stem. Tubers from affected plants invariably produce diseased plants. There is also evidence to show that the disease may spread from plant to plant in the field.

Prevention.—The only sure way of avoiding loss from Leaf Roll is to secure fresh seed from districts free from this disease. Fortunately, this is possible, as Northern Ontario and certain sections of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island are comparatively free from this trouble. In experiments carried on in Old Ontario by the Agricultural Representatives with seed potatoes from South Ontario, New Brunswick and Northern Ontario, it was found that the average amount of Leaf Roll in the plants from the seed from the three different sources was as follows:—

Old Ontario	45.5%
New Brunswick	5.1
Northern Ontario	1.4

These figures strongly emphasize the desirability of obtaining northern-grown potato seed.

Mosaic.—The cause of this disease is also unknown. It has been observed in many fields in Ontario. When severe there is a very noticeable reduction in the crop. Data gathered by the pathologists of the United States and Canada shows that this disease may reduce the yield by one-half.

Symptoms.—The foliage of plants affected with Mosaic is somewhat wrinkled or corrugated and mottled with faint, light green or yellowish spots. The stalks of the diseased plants are often more bare near the ground than those of healthy ones, partly because the affected foliage does not spread out and drop down normally, and partly because the lower leaves sometimes fall off in the last stages of severe attacks. The tubers of affected plants are normal-looking and sound and their keeping or eating qualities are not impaired.

Prevention.—If Mosaic is abundant in a field the surest and quickest way of eliminating it is by obtaining fresh seed from a non-infected district. Such seed can be obtained at the present time from Northern Ontario.

General Suggestions For the Prevention of Seed-borne Potato Diseases.

In order to avoid loss from Leaf Roll and Mosaic, the source of seed is of the utmost importance. Seed potatoes free from these diseases can be obtained from Northern Ontario. Only certified seed, however, can be relied upon. For information concerning certified northern-grown potato seed write Mr. Justus Miller, Assistant Commissioner of Agriculture, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Canada.

Even certified northern-grown seed is not a panacea for all diseases. In order to avoid loss from such seed-borne potato diseases as Black Leg, Rhizoctonia, Wilt, Blight and Scab, the following precautions should be taken:

1. Select for seed smooth, sound tubers, as free as possible from scab, black, hard lumps on the surface, and abnormal discolorations of the skin or flesh.

2. Disinfect all seed before cutting with formalin or corrosive sublimate. The latter substance is the more reliable for the prevention of Rhizoctonia.

3. When cutting potatoes have at hand two or three knives and a jar containing a 20 per cent. solution of formalin. After cutting into a tuber which shows signs of rot drop the knife into the formalin, discard the diseased potato and take a fresh knife from the formalin solution for the next cutting.

4. Spray every year with Bordeaux mixture for the prevention of Late Blight and Rot. Such spraying is an insurance which it is not safe to neglect.

5. Rogue the growing crop once or twice during the summer, or at least that portion of it from which the seed is to be saved. This operation consists in the removal and destruction of any plants showing signs of such diseases as Leaf Roll, Mosaic, Black Leg, Rhizoctonia and Wilt.

6. Practice a rotation of crops and if possible plant potatoes after clover sod.—Prof. J. E. Howett, O. A. College, Guelph.

Ribbon With Picot Edge.

Narrow moire ribbon with a picot edge is used on many dresses of chiffon as the only trimming, being either of darker or lighter shade than the chiffon and successfully replacing the beads and bangles of which we have wearied somewhat. A delightful pale pink georgette frock has as its only trimming bands of this narrow moire ribbon of a deeper rose shade, put on in block design exactly as the beads heretofore have been used. The belt is made of several rows of ribbon, not placed close together, but spaced so as to reveal the lighter pink beneath.

Brighten Your Browns.

A good deal has been written this season concerning the brown shades, and the use of this color has been extended to evening wear, for which it has sometimes been considered too somber. When so used, it is almost invariably lightened by touches of metal or paillette effects, and the fabrics chosen are of themselves sheer.

Best Time for Cultivation.

If it is not possible to give the young plants a good cultivation on time go over the ground and do the best you can, then cultivate again as soon as possible. The important point is to cultivate when the ground is in the proper condition.

Dye Old, Faded Dress Material

"Diamond Dyes" Make Shabby Apparel Stylish and New—So Easy Too.

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a new, rich, fadeless color to any fabric, whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,—dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, draperies,—everything!

A Direction Book is in package.

To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.

Community Lime Spreader.

Members of the farm bureau in one of the communities of Otsego county, New York, have combined and purchased a lime spreader, and have thus taken a long step in solving their problem of applying lime at the proper time of the year and in sufficient quantities to get results. The spreader is to be rotated among the members. Non-members may also use it by paying 25 cents an acre. In the early stages of the use of lime in a community, especially in a small way, spreaders are often not available because single land owners hesitate to purchase them. Even after the use of lime is established a single machine will often meet the needs of several farmers.

Community Ownership of a Lime Spreader Is Practical and Feasible.

FAMOUS for its FEATURE STORIES

When Ludendorff, the brains of the German army, announced his Memoirs of the War, it was at once obvious that this would be the most sensational volume of the year. Readers of The Toronto Star did not need to worry about when the volume would be available, or what it would cost—they got the whole story day by day in the columns of The Star. In former days, such a work would have been published only in book form, and at a price of perhaps $5.00. To-day subscribers to a newspaper like The Star get it, and get it first as a matter of course.

THE TORONTO STAR

is unique in the number of its high-class magazine features. Most newspapers content themselves with the routine day-by-day news. They seem to think that if an event doesn't happen to-day it hasn't news value. The Star clings to no such antiquated idea. It realizes that rarely does a single happening stand by itself—any more than one note on a piano makes a tune. Hence the prominence The Star gives to special articles.

When Lord French gave out his sensational reminiscences, The Star published them.

All through the war, it published reviews by the greatest war critics, including F. H. Simonds. This correspondent is still writing for The Star on international affairs.

When Mrs. Humphrey Ward visited the battlefields her descriptions were printed by The Star.

When Herman Bernstein, by an expedition into Siberia, secured the memoirs of the late Tzar's commissary, Vasily Pankratov, it was in The Star that Canadian readers got the first full story of those last tragic days of the House of the Romanoffs.

These were all features exclusive to The Star in its field. Its connections enable it to pick and choose—often to make a first selection.

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CANADA'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

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The Cripple and the Crutch.

As a cripple depends on the crutch—so your eyes are dependent on the glasses.—A crutch of many kinds may assist a cripple, but you certainly will injure your precious eyesight by using any makeshift glass that may appear to be a relief. Be sure you are wearing the correct lens for each eye.—You run no chance of a misfit by having your eyes examined by **H. E. SMITH**, the eyesight specialist.—Only the best approved styles of glasses prescribed. We have always given attention to fitting Oculists' prescriptions.

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Jewellery Store
Established 50 years.

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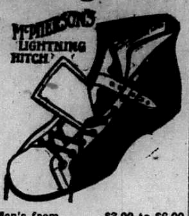

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Women's from	$3.50 to $5.00
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FOR ONE MONTH

Commencing Saturday, January 31st to February 28th

we are offering Men's Heavy Rubbers at nearly cost price. It will pay you to take advantage of these special prices as Rubbers are advancing.

Men's knee boots, all white	$6.00
Men's knee boots, Greylings	$6.00
Men's knee boots, Monarch	$6.00
Men's gum boots, Maltese Cross	$4.25
Men's 3-eyelet, Monarch..	$3.75
Men's 3-eyelet, Maltese Cross	$3
Men's 4-eyelet, Maltese Cross	$3.75
Men's buckle, lumber jack's snag proof....	$3.00
Men's black and tan, leather tops 7 in....	$3.50
Boys' gum knee boots, 1 to 5	$2.75

Guaranteed all No. 1 stock.

J. WILKINS,
Boot Repair Store,
Opposite Royal Hotel.

Callouses or Pain There are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing uneven pressure. The sole of the foot burns; great and little toe joints enlarge and a cramplike pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as corns, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

Dr Scholl's Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist

He is a Graduate Practipedist—a man who knows all about foot troubles and how to make bad feet easy and comfortable. Examination and advice free. See us today.

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Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

New Store on Dundas St.,
Next to Miller's Livery.

FULL STOCK OF
Flour, Bran, Shorts, Oil Cake, Hog Feed, Feed Flour, etc.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager
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Separator Oil 25c the quart at WALLACE'S—bring your can.

SEED ORDERS AND SUPPLIES.

(Experimental Farms Note.)

The new seed catalogues are coming in with their lists of novelties and staple varieties attractively advertised, and one gets much enjoyment in turning over the pages of one of these catalogues and mentally picturing the fine crops one will have next summer. Often, however, the catalogue is laid aside without the order being sent, and nothing further is done until spring, when it may be too late to get what is desired. The quantity available of the best strains of vegetables and flowers is usually small, hence it is very important to order early before the stock is exhausted.

There is a great difference between the best and the poorest strains. The stock of the best has been rigidly selected so that a large proportion will come true to type, whereas stock which has not been kept up by selection may have a bad mixture of types, and the resulting crop will be very unsatisfactory. This is of so much importance that, with a crop like the cauliflower, for instance, where a strain that will give a large proportion of good heads means much profit and a poor strain may mean very little, it pays the market gardener when he gets a good strain to hold over what seed he does not use until another year as he will thus be sure of having a good strain next year. This method would not, however, serve with the onion, which loses its germinating power very rapidly, hence should be purchased every year. There is a wonderful difference in onions. Sometimes from the seed of one stock a large proportion will be thicknecks while from another most of the plants make good bulbs. If one has had good success from a certain source one year, the safest plan wijll be to order from the same source another year.

Sometimes novelties have not apparently been compared very carefully with the best of the older varities before being offered for sale, as they do not prove superior, if as good. While it is interesting to test varieties, it is well not to spend much money on them until they have been tested at the Experimental Station.

Another advantage of ordering early is that one can test the germinating power of a seed before spring so that there will be time to order again if the germination is poor. Often seed is ordered so late that when it is sown and the plants do not come up there is not time to order again, and one loses the crop. When there is a shortage of many kinds of supplies, as there is at present, it is very desirable to order early the material needed for next season's operations.

W. T. MACOUN,
Dominion Horticulursi.t

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Tinsmithing and repairing at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store

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Credit Sale.

S. W. Clark, auctioneer, will sell for the undersigned on lot 29, 7th con. of North Fredericksburgh, about three miles east of Napanee, on Palace road, on Tuesday, February 17th, 1920, at 12 o'clock noon, sharp, the following: 5 good heavy work horses, 10 milch cows, 1 new milker; 2 2-year old heifers, coming in; pure bred Holstein registered bull, coming 3 years; 2-year old steer, McCormick mower, 7 ft.; Deering mower, 6 ft.; Massey-Harris hay loader, McCormick rake, 12 ft.; side rake, 2 disc harrows, manure spreader, Frost & Wood binder, 7 ft.; Frost & Wood disc drill, stiff tooth cultiivator, spring tooth cultivator, steel roller, iron harrow, four sections; walking plow, gang plow, 2 sulky plows, wheelbarrow, heavy spring wagon, 2 covered buggies, 2 cutters, 2 sets bobsleighs, Chatham fanning mill and bagger, 2 lumber wagons wagon rack and crib, nearly new; pair scales, 1200 lbs.; corn cultivator, 2 sets double harness, 2 sets single harness, about 200 bushels of O. A. C. oats of 1918 crop, large list of household goods, etc. Usual terms.

GEORGE & PERCY SHOREY,
Owners.

CREDIT SALE

of Farm Stock, Implements, etc.
by Public Auction

The undersigned having sold his farm will sell by Public Auction, without reserve, on lot 13, con. 6, of Ernesttown, on

Thursday, Feb. 5th, 1920

at 12 o'clock noon, the following:

HORSES—Bay team, draft, 4 years old; bay work horse, 9 years old; brown mare.

CATTLE, (pure bred Ayrshires) —1 bull, 2 years old; 2 heifers, 2 years old; 1 cow, 4 years old; 3 heifer calves.

(Grade Cattle)—13 milch cows, grade Ayrshires and Durhams; 2 heifers.

HOGS—1 brood sow.

SHEEP—(Registered Oxford Downs)—30 breeding ewes, 7 ewe lambs, 5 ram lambs, 1 ram, 2 years old.

(Registered Cotswolds) — 11 breeding ewes, 7 ewe lambs, 5 ram lambs, 1 ram, 2 years old.

IMPLEMENTS and CARRIAGES —3 lumber wagons, 1 market wagon, heavy; 2 sets lumber sleighs, 1 pleasure sleigh, 1 cutter, 2 buggies, set light double harness, set work double harness, 7-foot Frost & Wood binder, 2 Deering mowers, 7-foot cut; roller, cultivator, 3-horse; 2 corn cultivators, 2 plows, almost new; gang plow, root pulper, fanning mill, scales, 1000 lbs.; 3 harrows, 2 discs, horse rake, dairy utensils, Daisy churn No. 4, 3 milk cans, creamers, etc.; 240 sap buckets, spiles, 3 sap pans, 1 furnace, berry crates, sheep crates, sheep racks, and pig racks, stone boat, and lumber for several more boats, large iron kettle, a quantity of seed corn, some household furniture and other articles too numerous to mention.

Usual terms.

S. W. CLARK, Auctioneer. C. W. NEVILLE, Owner.

A full line of Maple Leaf paints, varnishes, and stains, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

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Don't forget when you want a good cup of coffee go to **H. W. KELLY'S.** He has the same blend that John Paisley always kept, Java and Mocha.

PERSONALS

Mrs. G. A. Wallace has returned from Toronto.

Mr. W. F. Hall was in Toronto a few days last week.

Mrs Forrest, Port Hope, is the guest of Mr. J. Geale Daly.

We extend our felicitations to Mr. John T. Grange, 83 years old to-day.

Misses Helen Wallace and Berneice Woods, Picton, are guests of Miss Jessie Hawley.

Mrs. Freshman, Buffalo, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. James Daly.

Mrs. Aylsworth, Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. John T. Grange.

Mrs. W. A. Daly is visiting friends in Montreal.

Mr. John Fennell spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Mrs. W. S. Herrington is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mrs. Chas. Boyes, of Kingston, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Boyes.

Mrs. Vrooman, and Miss Josephine accompanied Mr. Percy Vrooman as far as New York on his way back to India.

Mr. Albert Chalmers, Adolphustown, is taking a course at the Guelph Agricultural College.

Mrs. A. F. Holmes and Mrs. J. Rudd Perry have been spending the week with Mrs. Jas. Aylesworth, Tamworth.

Dr. and Mrs. Myers, who have been spending several weeks in Florida, are guests of her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Hall.

Mrs. Robert Holland, and little son, of Kingston, spent the weekend the guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Paul, Elm Lodge.

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DEATHS

Cartwright—On January 26th, 1920, at Shaughnessy Heights, Vancouver, B C., the Rev. Conway Cartwright, brother of the late Sir Richard Cartwright,.

Garrison—At Morven, on Sunday,, January 25th, 1920, Mrs. John Garrison, aged 77 years, 6 months.

Henderson—At North Fredericksburgh, on Sunday, January 25th, 1920, Sarah Jane Henderson, aged 28 years, 6 months 18 days.

Russell—At Richmond, on Friday, January 23rd, 1920, Thomas M. Russell, aged 75 years, 3 months, 10 days.

Sandford—At Detroit, on Tuesday, January 27th, 1920, Mrs. Ezra Sandford, aged 42 years, 6 months, 9 days.

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Good Epsom Salts—get it at WALLACE'S in sealed cans.

Oysters ! Oysters ! get the best oysters at **FRANK H. PERRY'S.**

Mr. H. B. Sherwood is starting the erection of a new residence on East street.

J. B. Howell, Bath, has sold his fish business to Thos. Lewis, Watertown, N. Y.

DRIVE IN COMFORT—Get a charcoal foot-warmer at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

The Napanee Hospital Aid Association will meet in the Council Chamber on Monday, February 2nd, from 2 to 5 p.m.

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COAL CONSERVATION.

Economical Use of Bituminous Coal, Slack and Colliery Waste.

The benefits of technical research are being once more illustrated in England, where a committee appointed by the Institute of Petroleum Technologists has been investigating methods for the economical use of bituminous coals, slack, colliery waste, etc., more particularly with reference to the production of by-products and the generation of power. The technical advisers of the committee have carefully studied various types of retorts and producers the supply of retortable material the output of the collieries, the possibility of using seams now unworked, the market for products, etc., etc., and have assembled an immense amount of valuable data.

A company has now been formed with a capital of $500,000, to produce oil from bituminous coal, to prepare fuel—e.g., gas, coke and briquettes—for domestic and industrial purposes, and to extract various by-products in the process of manufacture. These will probably include ammonium sulphate or crude ammonia, and coal tar with its derivatives, which are so important in the manufacture of aniline dyes and numerous drugs and explosives.

A site for an experimental research station has been acquired in the centre of the Midland coalfield with good railway connections and adjacent to three shafts which are now bringing up a true cannel, an inferior cannel, and a soft caking coal. It is not only intended to test material for the particular company concerned, but to co-operate with colliery owners in any part of the world in promoting more efficient utilization of coal resources. The company is receiving no Government assistance, nor is it in any way interested in any particular type of retort or process.—Toronto Saturday Night.

The White Rose Prince.

September, a hundred and seventy-four years ago, saw the coming of the White Rose Prince, one of the most picturesque, fascinating and beloved figures that ever flitted across the pages of history. In Scotland, to this day, people talk of Prince Charlie as if they themselves had seen him riding down the High street to Holyrood, who strewed the ground with a carpet of white roses and waved their white-cockaded bonnets in an ecstasy of devotion. It all reads like a fairy tale—those brief weeks of happiness and gaiety under James the VIII., who cared no more than his White Rose Court that Edinburgh Castle was held against him, and that under its sheltering guns good Mr. Macvicar of the West Kirk prayed — "for the young man who comes seeking an earthly crown, may Heaven speedily send a Heavenly one." A Fairy Tale Court and a Fairy Tale Prince Charming, and then out went the candles and the singing, and the laughter died, and there was only Black Culloden to remember and—"the brave, the noble that have died in vain for me."

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See our Cross Cut Saws, Axes, and Axe Helves before buying—WILSON'S Hardware Store.

Through-out the week back we have been choosing our stock of merchandise for Spring. At present writing numerous lines have been received and passed into stock. To thoroughly acquaint you with the Spring Fabrics and Spring Styles we are planning to present them to you on living models, as in the past, and to make our 1920 Opening more attractive and interesting than ever before. Many new features are being prepared. We would urge you to read our advertisements weekly.

We fill Mail Orders promptly and correctly. THE ROBINSON CO. Ltd., Napanee, Ont.

Our January Sale of Dresses is now in full swing

WITH HIGHER PRICES ON SPRING STOCKS THIS AFFORDS EVERY WOMAN A MAGNIFICENT OPPORTUNITY TO RECONSTRUCT HER WARDROBE

These dresses are so manufactured as to give its purchaser the utmost in service and appearance for the money invested. They do not impress one as being fastidious, but every dress has a certain charm and poise known better as "Individuality." They have been created under the most inspiring conditions where carefulness and forethought are given to most trifling details. In these days when wearing apparel of every description is high in price it is essential that you should get satisfaction and service from your dresses. We can positively assure you that these sale numbers are correctly styled—they measure up to our requirements, they will also measure up to yours.

SALE PRICES REPRESENT REDUCTIONS FROM 10 TO 20 PER CENT

TO DESCRIBE SOME OF THEM

EVENING DRESS $47.50 FOR $37.50

A charming evening dress is called Rainbow because the net overskirt is made from various shades of net blended, Blue, Yellow and Pink silk forms a youthful girdle. Lace and net makes the bodice.

Regular value $47.50, Sale price $37.50.

SATIN DRESS $45.00 FOR $38.75

A most charming dress for most all occasions is this garment of Navy Blue Messaline, with its sleeves of Georgette to match. Long revers and panels with pleatings of satin characterize the trimming. A wide girdle is also featured. This style is also procurable in Brown and Green.

CREPE-DE-CHENE, $31.00

This dress was formerly priced $37.50 and at the market price of Crepe to-day would be a splendid value It is made from a most remarkable quality, in simple but most pleasing lines. An overskirt, tuxedo reveres, flowing sleeves, vest and narrowpin tucks are a part of its make-up. Also obtainable in Navy.

SATIN AND GEORGETTE. COMBINATION,. $37.50 FOR $31.00

The clever Russian back of this style expresses youth and smartness. The side panels of Georgette Crepe are trimmed with bands of satin. The sleeves are likewise finished at the cuff. The Crepe collar goes to a point in back and is finished with a tassel. Made in 16, 18 and 20 misses sizes.

MANY OTHER DRESSES POSSESSING JUST SUCH PERSONALITY CAN BE SECURED IN THIS SPLENDID ASSEMBLAGE.

IF YOU WANT ONE AND CANNOT GET TO TOWN TELL US YOUR REQUIREMENTS BY MAIL AND WE WILL CHOOSE A DRESS FOR YOU, RETURNABLE OF COURSE IF NOT SATISFACTORY

CHARMING AND COMFORTABLE SWEATERS COAT STYLES—PULLOVERS

Fashion by creating lovable styles and becoming colors has created an unusual desire in the feminine mind to own sweaters. The weather man with his days of frost, snow and ice has provided many opportunities for milady to wear one this season and for sports wear they are indespensable, summer or winter.

We, by our judgment and forethought, have secured a splendid assortment of pure wool sweaters and too they are consistent in price.

Sizes and colors for everyone—Choose yours to-day.

RELIABLE FURS MAKE UNUSUALLY GOOD INVESTMENTS THESE DAYS

Of course you can only tell by length of service whether your furs were worth the money you paid for them. So to be sure at the time of purchase it would be a sane idea for you to go to a safe, sure store which handles only reliable merchandise to make your selections.

If you do not know it already we can tell you right now we will not take your money unless we have some real worth while furs to offer you.

Then too, furs are "things of beauty" and their beauty not only lies in their beautiful rich fur but in their skilful manufacturing as well.

Our entire fur stock, consisting of piece furs and coats are indeed thoroughly reliable from every viewpoint. Quality, Style, workmanship, have been skilfully blended into fur garments of service. Many sets, Muffs, Stoles, Capes, **have been sharply reduced to clear.**

THOROUGHLY RELIABLE WINTER COATS REDUCED IN PRICE TO CLEAR

"THOROUGHLY RELIABLE" when associated with this coat stock of ours is not merely a "figure of speech", but a description of quality which every garment must obtain to come up to our standards for the price.

Now these coats in face of rising woollen markets have been reduced to make way for spring stocks. Shrewd buyers are taking advantage of these coats every day. Have you bought yours yet ? Any color.

The first machine made carpets and rugs were manufactured in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, but the price, of course, was almost prohibited, only the very rich could afford such a luxury. Later on tapestry carpets were invented and came into general use having the effect of reducing the price of Brussels Carpets. Then the wealthy class clamoured for something not common. The manufacturers met the situation effectively by putting Wilton carpets on the market to meet the requirements of the rich. Then with the competition of the different factories, Wiltons came into quite general use making it possible for the middle class to have Wilton carpets. To meet the situation an ingeneous Englishman invented the Axminster carpet, a distinctly different weave from either the Brussel or Tapestry carpets. The pile was very thick and deep. To manufacture the Axminster carpet the machinery used was distinctly different from other carpet machines and was protected by letters patented and was completely controlled by a few factories. They in turn controlled the output and price so that only the very rich could afford to have Axminster carpet. About the year 1870 the bars were broken down and every factory was permitted to install the necessary machinery for making the Axminster carpet. To-day we have a large factory in Canada manufacturing these goods extensively in both rugs and piece goods and the price is very reasonable. 4 ft. 6 x 7 ft. 6, $24.50; 6 ft. 9 x 9, $42.50; 9 x 9, $55.00; 9 x 12, $72.50. We also have mats and hall runners. The paterns are Persian and Medallion effects. copies of Eastern hand made rugs. A much delayed shipment of these arrived this week. Ask to see them.

Special Sale
—of—
7-Piece Cut Glass Water Setts

EXTRAORDINARY VALUE

On Sale Saturday, $2.75 Sett

2 Designs and Shapes. See Window.

A FEW GIFT SUGGESTIONS:

Cut glass Vases, 25c, 35c, 50c, 98c, $1.00, $1.25, $2.50, $3.50, $5.00 each.

Cut glass Flower Baskets, $4.50 each.

Cut glass Caraffe, water bottle) $3.50 each.

Cut glass cake or sandwich dish, with handle, $3.50 and $4.25.

Sterling top cut glass salt and pepper shakers, $1.00 pair.

Cut glass Marmalades, silver top and spoon, $1.00 each.

Cut glass stemmed wines, 40c each.

Cut glass Sherbets, 25c, 50c, and 75c each

Cut glass Sherbet plates, 35c, each.

Cut glass tumblers, 12½c, 25c, 35c, 39c, and 50c each.

Cut glass Mayonaise sett, $3.00.

Cut glass photo frames, $1.50 and $2.00 each.

Cut glass spoon trays, $1.50 each.

Cut glass goblets, very fine, special 50c each.

Cut glass water setts, pitcher and 6 glasses) at $2.75, 3.00, $4.00, $4.25, $4.85 and $5.00.

Cut glass cheese and cracker dish, $3.50.

Fern pots and Jardinieres, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00 each.

Dainty tall cut glass cream pitcher, novelty shape, very special, 75c each.

Fine comports of various shapes, $1.60, $1.95, $2.00 and $2.25.

Fine serving trays (oblong) great value, only $2.00.

THE ROBINSON CO.,
LIMITED